M Tables – Regulatory Accounts Commentary

The sections in this document are:

- 1. General comments
- 2. Results and reconciliations
- 3. Assumptions
- 4.1 Commentary M tables 1-28
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1. General Comments

2011/12 is the third financial year that Scottish Water has prepared its statutory financial statements under International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). In preparing the financial results reported in the M Tables, all IFRS adjustments have been excluded, including the adjustments arising from IAS 19 'Employee Benefits'. Therefore the results reported in the M Tables are on a basis consistent with the Delivery Plan.

Details and explanations of the IFRS adjustments within the statutory accounts are provided in Appendix 1.

The consolidation tables – M27 and M28 – include the results of Scottish Water Horizons Holdings Limited (SWHH), Scottish Water Horizons Limited (SWH) and Scottish Water International Limited (SWI) along with Business Stream Holdings Limited (SWBSH) in the Non Core/Non Licensed column, while Business Stream is included in the Licensed column.

2. Results & Reconciliation

SW produces statutory consolidated accounts incorporating the results of all subsidiary companies. The consolidated statements also include the balance sheet (and relevant notes) for SW only ('company'). Detailed reconciliations between the statutory accounts and the regulatory tables are detailed in Appendix 2 to this document.

M Table financial information is for SW only, i.e. excluding SWBSH, SWHH, Business Stream, SWH and SWI, and is analysed between Core (= Regulatory business) and the remaining Non Core (= Non regulatory activities) where required. The exceptions to this are:

- tables M18W and M18WW which include the costs of SWH and SWI; and
- tables M27 and M28 which provide reconciliations from the SW Core figures to the group consolidated income statement and balance sheet respectively.

Due to some different descriptions and terminology between the regulatory M tables and the statutory accounts, Appendix 2.1 and 2.2 provide reconciliations from the Table M27 totals and M28 totals to the statutory consolidated income statement and consolidated balance sheet, respectively. Appendix 2.3 shows the reconciliation between Table M2 and the statutory "company" balance sheet.

Regulated / Non Regulated have been accounted for separately in SW's general ledger system enabling the production of regulated/non-regulated profit & loss accounts and

balance sheets. These form the basis for the historical cost figures and analysis, in particular Tables M1. M2. M27 & M28.

Cost analysis in Tables M18 W and M18 WW was prepared using reports from SW's Activity Based Management (ABM) system. Detailed commentary on ABM methodology and cost allocation is provided in support of the E Tables and is not repeated in this document.

In previous years the closing CCA fixed asset values have been taken from the H Tables. However, as no H Tables have been prepared for the 2011/12 Annual Return, the CCA fixed asset values at 1 April 2011 (as reported in the 2010/11 M Tables) have been updated by the relevant asset and depreciation movements during 2011/12. Therefore the CCA fixed asset values as at 31 March 2012, for the M Tables, have been calculated using the brought forward balances at 1 April 2011, adjusted by RPI (3.57%), adding the 2011/12 additions, deducting disposals during the year and less the CCA depreciation charge for 2011/12. No revaluation adjustments were required within the fixed asset tables because no revaluation has taken place.

3. Assumptions

Non core tax charge

It has been assumed that there are no brought forward profits/losses or capital allowances for the non core element. The tax charge is based on the actual profit attributable to the non regulatory businesses in 2011/12. (Tables M1, M2)

CCA adjustments

RPI of 3.57% has been used in the relevant adjustments, being the rate as at March 2012.

CCA working capital adjustment

The working capital adjustment has been pro rated between water and waste water based on turnover values. (Table M7, line 7.14)

CCA fixed asset values

Opening CCA fixed asset values have been taken from the M Tables for the year ended 31 March 2011, being the MEAV values rolled forward. The RPI adjustment has been calculated on these opening balances. The additions (to assets under construction) and the reclassifications (from assets under construction) are on a historical cost basis. CCA depreciation has been calculated on a consistent basis as in 2010/11, using the % of gross to net book value of 44% per Table M8 as at 31 March 2011.

4.1 Commentary - Tables M1 to M28

This section has comments on individual tables, where it is felt that such narrative will aid understanding, explain significant year-on-year movements or provide additional guidance on how the information was gathered or calculated. There are no comments on the tables which appear self explanatory.

Table M1 – HCA Income & Expenditure Account

The Core information is from the general ledger reports for the Regulated business. The non core information relates to the sundry non regulated activities which remain within Scottish Water.

Scottish Water's regulated operating costs (i.e. excluding depreciation, PFI charges and costs associated with non regulated activities) increased by £12.4m to £340.2m compared to £327.8m in 2010/11. The £12.4m increased cost was due primarily to:

- a £3.0m charge for the new Carbon reduction contribution scheme;
- a £10.0m increase in local authority rates arising from the 2010 rating revaluation; and
- the £11.7m impact of inflation; partly offset by
- a £6.4m reduction in exceptional winter costs, which arose from the extreme weather conditions between November 2010 and January 2011.

Adjusting for these movements, like-for-like controllable operating costs for 2011/12 were £245.9m reflecting a reduction in real terms of £9.6m (3.8%). The table below summarises this movement:

				Movement
		2011/12	2010/11	fav/(adv)
		£m	£m	£m
Core operating expenditure -	- line M1.2	340.8	328.5	-12.3
Less: Internal PFI costs		-0.6	-0.7	-0.1
SW Regulated operating costs	s	340.2	327.8	-12.4
Winter costs (a-typical)		-0.5	-6.9	-6.4
VR and other restructure costs		-15.5	-14.4	1.1
Carbon reduction contribution		-3.0	-	3.0
New Opex		-2.0		2.0
Average inflation (4.8%)		-	11.7	11.7
		319.2	318.2	-1.0
LA rates (2011: net of a-typical rate	es credit)	-58.3	-48.3	10.0
SEPA and WIC costs		-15.0	-14.4	0.6
Like-for-like real controllable	costs	245.9	255.5	9.6

The cost of the PFI schemes in the year was £146.1m (excluding PFI team costs), £7.9m higher than in 2010/11 mainly because of inflation.

Depreciation, including the infrastructure renewals charge and amortisation charges, increased by £10.3m to £329.0m, predominantly as a consequence of the capital investment programme.

Other operating income of £0.7m (line 1.8) was the gain on disposal of fixed assets, £5.1m lower than in 2010/11.

The net interest charge was £156.8m (2010/11: £155.4m) (line 1.11). The increase of £1.4m reflected the drawdown of the new borrowings partly offset by lower interest rates and higher interest received.

SW's total tax credit, on a statutory basis, was £0.5m (2011: £41.1m charge). This was primarily due to the re-measurement of deferred tax balances as a result of the change in the UK corporation tax rate from 26% to 24% that will be effective from April 2012. To date, there has been no cash impact on SW's tax payments as a result of accounting on an IFRS basis.

Table M2 - HCA Balance Sheet

Core / Non core information is from the general ledger reports. The non core information relates to the sundry non regulated activities which remain within Scottish Water following the transfer of the majority of the non regulated activities to SWH on 1 April 2008.

The main differences from the statutory HCA balance sheet are due to the IFRS adjustments in respect of infrastructure assets and PFI assets. These are explained in more detail in Appendix 1. In addition, the Infrastructure Renewals accrual is recognised separately in the M Tables (£54.0m, line 2.14).

Investment – other (line 2.3) is the investment in SWHH of £37.6m. During 2011/12 the Scottish Water group was restructured with SW's interest in SWBSH (and its subsidiary Business Stream) transferred to SWHH. In exchange, SWHH issued the equivalent number of ordinary shares to SW, thereby increasing its investment to £37.6m.

Debtors increased by £7.2m to £58.6m (line 2.6) due to:

- an increase in non trade debtors (from £13.2m to £20.7m; Table M5, line 5.12) being higher VAT receivable outstanding from HMRC; and
- higher prepayments and other short term debtors (from £5.3m to £6.3m; Table M11, line 11.6) due to higher service contract and insurance prepayments; partly offset by
- lower household trade debtors (from £27.7m to £27.4m; Table M11, line 11.2); and
- lower other trade debtors (from £5.2m to £4.1m; Table 11, line 11.4).

Cash at bank decreased by £11.3m to £240.9m.

The corporation tax and deferred tax balances are shown on a statutory (IFRS) basis, excluding the deferred tax asset in respect of the IAS 19 pension liability. To date, there has been no cash impact on SW's tax payments as a result of accounting on an IFRS basis.

Post employment liability (line 2.27) is blank due to the IAS 19 pension liability being excluded from the M Tables. This approach is consistent with the exclusion of all other statutory adjustments required under IFRS and consistent with the presentation in previous years.

Other provisions (line 2.28) have decreased by £3.2m to £38.6m due primarily to a net decrease in the reorganisation provision (£4.6m) partly offset by a net increase in the wholesale income uncertainty provisions (£1.4m).

Table M3 – HCA Balance Sheet – Reconciliation to Statutory Accounts

This provides a summary of the main reconciling items. The Profit and Loss section (lines 3.1-3.5) reconciles the statutory Group consolidated figures to Table M1 Core figures, because no profit and loss figures are provided for SW company in the statutory accounts. However, more details have been given in the appendices – 2.1, 2.2 and 2.3. The balance sheet section (lines 3.8-3.15) reconciles SW Company figures from the statutory accounts to Table M2 Core figures.

Table M4 – CCA Income & Expenditure Account

The only differences between the HCA and CCA Income and Expenditure Accounts are due to the CCA adjustments.

- CCA depreciation is calculated based on the brought forward CCA net book values. The net/gross % indicates 44% of the average useful life remains.
- The index applied is the RPI at 31 March 2012 of 3.57%.
- The amortisation of deferred income (grants and contributions) is adjusted for indexation.
- The working capital adjustment is the index applied to the opening (operating) working capital (as in Table M11).
- The financing adjustment is the index applied to the opening net finance amount for SW.

Table M5 - CCA Balance Sheet

Tangible assets balance (line 5.1) equals the calculated rolled forward net MEAV plus the value of assets in the course of construction (£0.8bn).

Third party contributions (line 5.2) include the index-adjusted value of both grants and contributions.

Non trade debtors (line 5.12) is VAT receivable at March.

Other creditors due after one year (line 5.20) consists of payments received in advance (£47.8m).

The other provisions total of £38.6m (line 5.24), a reduction of £3.2m compared to 2010/11, is made up of reorganisation (£33.3m), income uncertainty (£4.8m) and other (£0.5m):

Reorganisation: VR and related pension payments made during the year of £12.3m were partly offset by additional VR charges for pension costs and staff redundancies, due to the ongoing restructuring of the business, of £7.8m.

Income uncertainty: This provision relates to uncertainty around the wholesale/non-domestic income. Progress has continued to be made in stabilising the settlement process and data during the year. However, some issues still remain, especially with regard to vacant and gap sites, which affect the wholesale charges. The reconciliation process relating to each financial year would normally be finalised 18 months after the end of the relevant financial year. However, at 31 March 2012, the final settlement reports (RFs) for the 2008/09 and 2009/10 financial years had not been agreed by the relevant parties nor billed by SW to the Licensed Providers. Therefore these years still remain 'open'. In March 2012 the CMA issued their RF in respect of 2010/11. Initial reviews have already highlighted the possibility of some major adjustments. Given these facts, the provision has been increased by £1.4m to £4.8m.

The income & expenditure reserve (line 5.28) is the total of the reserve brought forward from 31 March 2011 and the CCA loss for 2011/12.

The movement in the current cost reserve (line 5.29) is due to the CCA inflation adjustments calculated on the opening balances (at 1 April 2011) of fixed assets, working capital, financing and grants and third party contributions. The table below shows the reconciliation.

M Table				
line no.				£m
5.29	Balance at 1 April 2011			37,594.590
	Inflation adjustments:			
8.3/8.10	Fixed assets			1,469.247
7.14	Working capital adjustment			-8.553
4.14	Financing adjustment			-1.837
	Grants & 3rd party contributions adjustments			-0.798
5.29	Balance at 31 March 2012			39,052.649

The detailed calculations for the financing adjustment and grants and third party contributions are provided in the tables below.

				Financing	
M Table		1 April 2011	RPI	adjustment	M Table
line no.		£m	%	£m	line no.
5.26	Net assets employed	41,541.982			
5.8	Net oprating assets	42,040.043			
		-498.061			
5.22	Deferred tax - add back	446.600			
	Net finance	-51.461	3.57%	-1.837	4.14
				Grants & 3rd	
				party contrib.	
M Table		1 April 2011	RPI	adjustment	
line no.		£m	%	£m	
5.2	Third party contribution	s -22.371	3.57%	-0.798	

Table M6 - CCA Cash Flow

Interest paid (line 6.5) includes intercompany interest paid to Business Stream of £0.1m in relation to the settlement of wholesale billing and reconciliation process.

The gross cost of fixed assets purchased (line 6.9) relates to the additions within the 'Assets in the course of construction' (AUC) column of Table M8. All additions to fixed assets are entered in AUC before being reclassified to the appropriate fixed asset category when they come into beneficial use. As the exact categorisation of fixed assets (including the split between base and enhancement for infrastructure assets) is not determined until they come into beneficial use, it is not possible to analyse the cash payments relating to fixed assets between lines M6.9 and M6.11. Accordingly, all cash payments are shown in line M6.9 and reconcile to the additions to fixed assets in Table M8 (line 8.5) as follows:

			M Table	/ line ref		£m
Openi	ng short term capital creditor		M11.10	(10/11)		139.812
Add:	Additions - gross per table below				**	453.734
Less:	Closing short term capital creditor		M11.10	(11/12)		120.863
=>	Cash payments - gross		M 6.9			472.683
	Additions to fixed assets - net cos	t	M 8.5			448.732
Add:	Infrastructure income & customer	contributions	S			4.114
	Additions to fixed assets - gross of	ost				452.846
Add:	PFI investment (Seafield & Dalmuir)					0.888
	Total additions				**	453.734

In 2011/12 £0.9m was invested in PFI projects thereby increasing PFI assets. £0.4m was invested in the Seafield odour improvement project and £0.5m was invested at Dalmuir PFI. These investments have been included in the gross cost of fixed assets purchased within the cash flow (line 6.9) as shown in the table above.

Table M7 – Analysis of Turnover and Operating Income

Turnover from services supplied to household customers increased by only £2.1m to £745.6m reflecting the increase in connected properties and the tariff freeze effective from 1 April 2011. The benefit to household customers of freezing household charges at a time when RPI was 4.5% (as at October 2010) was around £34m.

Turnover from wholesale services provided to Licensed Providers decreased by £7.7m, or 2.5%, to £294.7m driven primarily by the reduction in regulated wholesale charges.

Turnover from other sales increased by £1.6m to £5.5m due primarily to the transfer of housing development building water revenue from Licensed Providers.

Table M8 – CCA Analysis of Fixed Assets by Asset type (Core)

For Water Services and Sewerage Services columns, the opening (lines 8.1, 8.8 & 8.14) values in Table M8, agree to the values in Table M8 as at 31 March 2011. The additions in the year are at actual net cost. The inflation adjustment figures (lines 8.3 & 8.10) are the indexing of the brought forward values, using RPI of 3.57%. There are no values shown for the investment plan adjustment (lines 8.2 & 8.9) as there has been no revaluation carried out as at 31 March 2012 (i.e. no updated H Tables).

In Table M8 the support services have been allocated between water and waste water based on their HCA values.

SW's additions to fixed assets are entered firstly to assets in the course of construction (AUC) then, on beneficial use, reclassified to the appropriate asset category. All values for AUC are HCA.

The CCA depreciation is calculated based on the brought forward CCA net book values. The net/gross % per the M Tables at March 2011 was 44%. The index applied is the RPI of 3.57%. For additions during the year, half of the actual cost (i.e. assuming additions are in use for half of the year, on average) and the relevant average useful lives are the basis, with no indexing. The total CCA depreciation charge reconciles with the forecast charge per Table M22 in the 2010/11 M Tables as follows:

				Line	
				ref	£m
CCA depreciation charge for 2011/12	per 2010)/11 Ta	ble M22	M22.28 (10/11)	281.1
Indexation at 3.57%					10.0
					291.1
CCA depreciation on additions to fixed assets during 2011/12					16.9
				M4.4 / M8.12	308.0
					•

Table M11 – CCA Working capital

Trade debtors decreased by £0.3m to £27.4m. The table below provides a breakdown of the household gross balances and bad debt provisions by age:

	96/07	07/08	08/09	09/10	10/11	11/12	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Gross Debt	188.9	27.4	31.2	34.1	37.2	53.5	372.3
Bad Debt Provision	(186.1)	(26.7)	(30.0)	(31.7)	(32.7)	(37.7)	(344.9)
Net Debt	2.8	0.7	1.2	2.4	4.5	15.8	27.4

Other trade debtors relate to sundry and non primary wholesale billing.

The increase in prepayments and other short term debtors (line 11.6) was due to higher service contract and insurance prepayments.

The wholesale charge prepayment of £24.9m at March 2012 is the total of the provisional invoices for April 2012.

Capital creditors consist of the balances due to SW Solutions and SW Solutions 2 (£2.3m and £32.2m respectively) and capital creditors and accruals relating to third parties (£86.4m).

A separate reconciliation (Appendix 2.4) has been prepared showing reclassifications from the statutory basis of receivables and payables into regulatory CCA working capital (operating items) and non operating debtors and creditors. (Tables M11 & M5).

Table M13 – Reconciliation of Current Cost operating surplus to net cash flow from operating activities

The working capital movement (line 13.3) is the movement in the working capital totals (Table M11) excluding the short term capital creditors – see table below:

	M Table	2010/11	2011/12	Mvmt
	Line ref	£m	£m	£m
Total working capital	M11.13	-239.6	-233.4	-6.2
Short-term capital creditors	M11.10	139.8	120.8	19.0
Movement in working capital	M13.3			12.8
Working capital	10110.0			

Table M18B W – Analysis of fixed assets – Water Service

The information presented here is a more detailed analysis of the non infrastructure and infrastructure water assets provided in Table M8. The opening (lines 18b.1, 18b.7 & 18b.16) balances agree to the values in Table M18B W at 31 March 2011. Support service assets are not included in Table M18b.

Additions/reclassifications from AUC are at actual cost. As in Table M8, the RPI of 3.57% was applied to the opening balances to calculate the RPI adjustment (lines 18b.3 & 18b.11). There are no values shown for the investment plan adjustment (lines 18b.2 & 18b.8) as there has been no revaluation carried out as at 31 March 2012 (i.e. no updated H Tables).

Table M18B WW - Analysis of fixed assets - Waste water Service

The information presented here is a more detailed analysis of the non infrastructure and infrastructure waste water assets provided in Table M8. The opening (lines 18b.1, 18b.7 & 18b.16) balances agree to the values in Table M18B WW at 31 March 2011. Support service assets are not included in Table M18b.

Additions/reclassifications from AUC are at actual cost. As in Table M8, the RPI of 3.57% was applied to the opening balances to calculate the RPI adjustment (lines 18b.3 & 18b.11). There are no values shown for the investment plan adjustment (lines 18b.2 & 18b.8) as there has been no revaluation carried out as at 31 March 2012 (i.e. no updated H Tables).

Table M19 – Statement of total recognised gains and losses (core)

As all IFRS adjustments have been excluded in the preparation of the M Tables, Table 19 only includes the profit for the year. There are no other recognised gains or losses which need to be noted here in a regulatory accounting context.

Table M22 – Fixed asset additions and expected depreciation (CCA)

The non infrastructure additions (line 22.8) are the amounts reclassified from AUC, as described above. These figures agree to the reclassifications in Table M8 (line 8.6) for non-infrastructure assets and support services, as split between water and sewerage services. The following table provides the reconciliation of the reclassifications in Table M8 (line 8.6) to the 'additions' in Table M22:

	Line	Col	Water	Waste water	Total
	ref	ref	£m	£m	£m
Non infrastructure assets	M8.6	F/J	267.126	170.489	
Support services	M8.6	H/L	7.897	6.627	
Additions per Table M22	M22.8	I/J	275.023	177.116	452.139
Infrastructure assets - enhancement	M8.6	G/K	14.645	51.238	
Total	M8.6	I / M	289.668	228.354	518.022
Infrastructure assets - base	M22.20				82.433
Total reclassifications from AUC	M8.6	N			600.455

The figures in the section "Infrastructure renewals charges, expenditure and provision", (lines 22.20 - 22.22), are the movements during 2010/11 and 2011/12. Therefore the resulting total is not the closing balance as given in the balance sheets at 31 March 2012. The table below shows the full reconciliation:

Infrastructure	31 March	2011/12	M22	31 March	M2 / M5
renewals	2011	movements	refs	2012	refs
- Expenditure	1,002.053	82.433	22.20	1,084.486	
- Charges	-1,031.000	-107.500	22.21	-1,138.500	
Prepayment / (accrual)	-28.947	-25.067	22.22	-54.014	2.14 / 5.7

In the section "Expected depreciation on closing assets as of 31 March 2012", (lines 22.23 – 22.28), the gross book values and net book values are taken from Table M8. The forecast depreciation charges are calculated using the NBV at 31 March 2012 and 44% of the average useful lives remaining.

Table M27 - Consolidated HCA Income & Expenditure Account

The intercompany items being visibly eliminated (in col 3) on this table are the intercompany wholesale income in SW and the intercompany cost of sales in Business Stream. Due to an adjustment to Business Stream's cost of sales relating to the reconciliation process, there is an intercompany profit elimination along with the related tax impact. The intercompany interest between SW and Business Stream already eliminates across line 27.11.

Non core / non licensed includes the remaining non regulatory business within SW (as per table M1), the results for the 2 holdings companies (SWBSH & SWHH - interest and taxation), SWH and SWI.

For 2011/12 Business Stream declared a dividend of £15.0m, payable to SWBSH. This eliminates across row 27.18.

Appendix 2.1 provides a reconciliation between Table M27 and the statutory consolidated income statement. The differences are due to the IFRS entries, along with different terminology and descriptions being used.

Table M28 – Consolidated HCA Balance Sheet

The intercompany items being visibly eliminated are:

- intercompany debtor and creditor balances (lines 2.6 & 2.15);
- intercompany profit elimination and related tax impact; and
- investments in subsidiary companies and the relevant share capitals (lines 2.3 & 2.30).
 The intercompany loans eliminate across line 2.2.

Non core / non licensed includes the remaining non regulatory business within SW (as per table M2), the balance sheets for the 2 holdings companies (SWBSH & SWHH – intercompany loans, investment in subsidiary, intercompany debtors and creditors, taxation, share capital and reserves), SWH and SWI.

Appendix 2.2 provides a reconciliation between Table M28 and the statutory consolidated balance sheet. The differences are due to the IFRS adjustments in addition to reclassifications and grouping of various items.

4.2 M Table 18W & 18WW detailed commentary

Methodology & Cost Allocation

Cost analysis in M Tables (M18W, M18WW) was prepared using reports from Scottish Water's Activity Based Management (ABM) systems.

Detailed commentary on ABM methodology and cost allocation is provided in support of table E and is not repeated in this document.

Trading Results & Reconciliation

Scottish Water Business Stream Limited (Business Stream) is a fully owned subsidiary of Scottish Water Business Stream Holdings Limited. Scottish Water produces consolidated accounts incorporating the results of Business Stream. However E & M18 table financials are produced for Scottish Water Regulated and Non Regulated activity, excluding Business Stream.

To aid comparison, the table below summarises Scottish Water consolidated results, Scottish Water company, Scottish Water Horizons and Scottish Water International results.

SW Group Statutory Accounts

011 0100	p culturery resource	£m	£m
Cost of	Sales	718.7	
Admin I	Expenses	125.5	
SW Grou	p Expenditure		844.2
Less	Business Stream		(40.2)
	IFRS adjustments	_	29.7
Total Exp	penditure (excluding Business Stream	and IFRS)	833.7
Represer	nted by		
SW Re	gulated		815.2
SW No	n Regulated		1.5
Horizon	S		16.6
Internat	ional		0.4

E & M18W & WW Tables include the costs of Scottish Water (Core / Regulated), Scottish Water (Non Regulated), Scottish Water Horizons (Non Regulated), and Scottish Water International (Non Regulated). The costs of business retail activity undertaken by Business Stream are not reported in Scottish Water's E or M tables.

Scottish Water company, Scottish Water Horizons and Scottish Water International combined results are summarised and reconciled below, to E tables and the regulatory account tables M18 (W & WW).

	SW SWH	Diff	M18	W/WW Tab	les	Diff	E1/2/3a Tables
(£m)	& SWI*	SW/SWH - M18	Total	M18 W	M18 WW	M18 - E1/2/3a	Total
Employment Other	150.2 208.3		355.4	212.7	142.7		337.8
Opex	358.5	3.0	355.4	212.7	142.7	17.6	337.8
PFI	146.7	(4.2)	151.0	0.0	151.0	0.0	151.0
IMC	107.5	0.1	107.4	74.8	32.6	0.0	107.4
Depreciation	220.2		222.0	119.9	102.0		221.2
Grant Amortisation	(0.9)	(0.1)	(0.9)	(0.7)	(0.2)	0.8	(0.9)
Amort PFI	2.3	(0.1)	0.0			0.0	0.0
Gain on assets	(0.6)		0.0				0.0
Expenditure	833.7	(1.2)	834.9	406.8	428.1	18.4	816.5

Explained by

Charges to SWBS for support 1.2

The line differences are table presentation differences explained as follows:

- £4.2m difference between our Board report and M18 Tables re PFI costs is due to transfer of costs from Customer Operations for Intersite Sludge Tankering from Scottish Water waste water treatment works to PFI works (£3.1m), terminal pumping station costs pumping to PFI works (£0.7m) and support costs for the PFI team (£0.4m).
- £1.2m of Scottish Water expenditure has been charged to Business Stream under Service Agreements. This cost has been netted off Scottish Water's expenditure in line with group inter-company transaction reporting. However, for the purposes of regulatory reporting this expenditure has been added back to report the full costs of providing these third party services.
- £18.4m Non Regulated expenditure is included in M18 Tables but is excluded from E Tables.

^{*} Excludes Business Stream, IFRS & IAS19

Commentary

Total operating costs excluding PFI costs and exceptional items increased by £26.2m (4.0%) to £683.9m.

	2011/12 £m	2010/11 £m	Variance £m
Operating expenditure - Water M18w.43	212.745	200.646	(12.099)
Capital maintenance - Water M18w.54	194.087	167.120	(26.967)
Operating expenditure - Waste M18ww.44	293.682	286.284	(7.398)
Capital maintenance - Water M18ww.55	134.410	145.917	+11.507
	834.924	799.967	(34.957)
Exclude PFI included in M18ww.35	(150.986)	(142.236)	+8.750
	683.938	657.731	(26.207)

Detailed commentary on wholesale operating costs and efficiencies is provided in support of Annual Return Table E and is not repeated in this document.

More detailed commentary on Non Regulated and Retail activities is provided in this document.

Activity Analysis

	2011/12 £m	2010/11 £m	Variance £m
Non Regulated	18.392	19.135	+0.743
Wholesale (excluding PFI)	616.374	589.474	(26.900)
Retail	49.172	49.122	(0.050)
	683.938	657.731	(26.207)

Non Regulated activity costs have decreased by £0.7m (3.9%) from 2010/11 to £18.4m (£1.4m Scottish Water, £16.6m Horizons, and £0.4m International). Non Regulated turnover increased by £0.5m from £19.7m in 2010/11 to £20.2m in 2011/12.

Direct costs have increased by £0.8m (6.0%), General & Support decreased by £1.1m (30.5%) and other operating expenditure has decreased by £0.4m (42.2%).

The key movements in Non Regulated Operating Costs from 2010/11 were:

- Following the restructure in 2010/11 with Horizons no longer active in the traditional contracting arena, reduction of direct costs by £4.5m (£1.5m employment; £1.6m hired and contracted; and £0.7m materials and consumables); and VR and Restructuring costs of £0.7m in prior year;
- Third Party Waste costs have increased by £1.0m due to new and increased Food and Green Waste collection contract work for councils (employment £0.2m; hired and contracted £0.7m; and other direct costs £0.2m); and £0.1m due to anaerobic digestion plant at the Deerdykes composting centre (power; and materials and consumables):

- External developer consultancy has increased by £2.6m (employment £0.3m; and hired and contracted £2.2m) mainly due to a few large projects;
- The level of recoverable works has decreased by £0.6m (employment £0.2m; and hired and contracted £0.4m), due to reduced third party damage;
- The new International company increased costs by £0.4m; and
- The bad debt charge has decreased by £0.3m relative to an increased charge in 2010/11 for a fibre in pipes project of £0.2m.

Wholesale activity cost movements are explained in support of Annual Return Table E and are not repeated in this document

Retail activity costs have increased by £0.1m (0.1%) to 49.2m.

	2011/12 £m	2010/11 £m	Variance £m
Domestic	41.929	41.209	(0.720)
Non Domestic - Measured	4.075	4.198	+0.123
Non Domestic - Non Measured	3.168	3.715	+0.547
	49.172	49.122	(0.050)

Domestic customer retail total operating costs have increased by £0.7m (1.7%).

The key movements from 2010/11 were:

 Increase in council domestic billing and collection service of £0.9m; partly offset by a small decrease in internal costs of £0.1m;

Non domestic customer retail total operating costs have decreased by £0.7m (17.7%) to £7.2m (£4.1m measured and £3.1m unmeasured).

The key movements from 2010/11 were:

- Cost of Regulation has increased by £1.0m mainly due to a increase in CMA costs of £0.6m; and wholesale CMA fines of £0.3m; and
- Decrease in depreciation of £1.5m as wholesale billing systems investment becomes fully depreciated.
- Cost of services provided to Business Stream under service agreements has remained unchanged. This cost has been netted off Scottish Water's expenditure for the purposes of group reporting. However, for the purposes of regulatory reporting this expenditure has been added back to report the full costs of providing these third party services.

Since the transfer of business retail activity to Business Stream, the majority of Non Domestic costs are incurred in 3 main areas:

- Scottish Water's Wholesale Revenue Management team responsible for wholesale billing and account management, and interface with Licensed Providers and the Central Market Agency (CMA);
- The CMA costs charged to Scottish Water for set up and operation of the CMA systems and processes; and to a lesser extent
- The cost of providing services to Business Stream under service agreements.

Scottish Water does not have access to business customer details. However, Scottish Water does have knowledge of properties and services. Therefore the costs of activities are allocated to customer and service, primarily on the basis of properties and services volumes, except where activities are clearly attributable to one service.

The cost of handling customer calls has been split by service based on the number of calls. Licensed Providers are responsible for handling calls from business customers. The cost of initial customer contact related to wholesale activities will be incurred by Licensed Providers. However, where Licensed Providers require information or action from the wholesaler, this is the responsibility of the wholesaler. In this case the costs of calls are included under wholesale activities, e.g. water distribution includes the cost of all customer contact on this type of activity, e.g. low pressure calls, water rising calls. Therefore, no cost is shown in line M18WW.29 and M18W.28 under retail.

2011/12 £m	2011/12 %	2010/11 £m	2010/11 %
20.954	42.6%	20.351	41.4%
3.896	7.9%	3.839	7.8%
20.975	42.7%	20.858	42.5%
3.347	6.8%	4.074	8.3%
49.172		49.122	
	£m 20.954 3.896 20.975 3.347	£m % 20.954 42.6% 3.896 7.9% 20.975 42.7% 3.347 6.8%	£m % £m 20.954 42.6% 20.351 3.896 7.9% 3.839 20.975 42.7% 20.858 3.347 6.8% 4.074

The split of Retail operating costs between water and waste water level has remained consistent with 2010/11 (50.5% water, 2011/12 versus 49.2%, 2010/11).

Scottish Water IFRS adjustments

Introduction

Since March 2009 Scottish Water has prepared its statutory financial statements under International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). In preparing the financial results reported in the M Tables, the IFRS adjustments have been backed out and are summarised below. These adjustments form the reconciling adjustments in Appendix 2.1.

Favourable / (u	ınfavourable) impact on surp	lus before tax		£m	Note ref.
IAS 19	Pension & holiday pay adj	ustments		8.4	1.
IAS 16	Infrastructure assets - dep	reciation & mair	ntenance	(7.7)	2.
IFRIC 12	PFI costs - depreciation &	lease liability		(0.7)	3.
Scottish Wate	r - IFRS adjustments			-	
Business Strea	am - IAS 19 adjustments (ne	t)		-	
IFRS adjustme	ents per Appendix 2.1			-	

Notes

In the following notes the bracketing convention means:

- favourable / (unfavourable) impact on the surplus in the income statement; and
- debit / (credit) in the balance sheet.

1. IAS 19 'Employee benefits'

Pension charges are calculated under IAS 19. In the statutory income statement, the adjustments impact on cost of sales and finance costs. In the balance sheet, retirement benefit obligations are shown within non-current liabilities. IAS 19 also requires the calculation of a holiday pay accrual to provide for the potential cost of annual leave not taken by employees by the end of the financial year. The tables below provide details of the IAS 19 adjustments within Scottish Water.

Adjustments in	statutory accounts:		£m				
Income statem							
Cost of sales	Cost of sales Staff costs - holiday pay charge						
CoS / Admin	Staff costs - pension costs	Staff costs - pension costs					
Finance costs -	- net		(3.4)				
Impact on surpl	us before tax		8.4				

Balance sheet	(see Appendix 2.3)		
Retirement bene	efit obligations (/Post emplo	yment liabilities)	(281.7)
Deferred taxatio	67.6		
Retirement bene	efit obligations - net		(214.1)
Trade & other pa	ayables - holiday pay accru	al	(1.9)

2. IAS 16 'Property, plant & equipment'

In previous years the main difference between the fixed assets in the statutory accounts and the M Tables has been the recognition of the Infrastructure Renewals Prepayment/Accrual in a separate line. Under IAS 16 infrastructure renewals accounting is not permitted and infrastructure assets are depreciated over the estimated economic lives of the identified components of the network. Expenditure which is judged to enhance the asset base, or where it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to Scottish Water, is capitalised. All other expenditure is charged as an operating cost.

Adjustments in	statutory accounts:			£m
Income stateme	ent			
Cost of sales	Repairs & maintenance			5.6
	Depreciation			(13.3)
Impact on surpl	us before tax			(7.7)
Balance sheet	(see Appendix 2.3)			
Property, plant	& equipment			
	Cumulative adjustment as	at 31 March 20	12	(29.8)
	İ			

3. IAS17 'Leases' & IFRIC 12 'Service concession arrangements'

Under IFRIC 12, the PFI service concession agreements have been classified as finance leases resulting in the PFI assets being brought on to Scottish Water's statutory balance sheet. Assets held under finance leases are recognised as part of the property, plant and equipment of the company and depreciated accordingly. The corresponding finance lease liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation, within other loans and borrowings. The PFI costs incurred are broken down into three categories: operating costs, finance costs and reduction of the finance lease obligation. The operating and finance costs are charged directly to the income statement.

Adjustments in	statutory accounts:		£m
Income statem	ent		
Cost of sales	PFI costs reallocated		40.9
	Depreciation		(15.3)
Finance costs -	net		(26.3)
Impact on surpl	us before tax		(0.7)
Balance sheet	(see Appendix 2.3)		
Property, plant	& equipment		
	Leased assets		375.6
	Owned assets	(reclassification)	40.2
			415.8
Other loans & b	oorrowings		
	Finance lease liability	< 1 year	(15.5)
		> 1 year	(415.5)
		total	(431.0)

The following tables provide a reconciliation of the IFRS adjustments detailed above to the IFRS adjustment totals shown in Appendix 2.1.

				£m	Note ref.
IFRS adju	stments to Cost of sales and Adı	ministratve expe	enses		
IAS 19	Staff costs - holiday pay charge	(SW)		-	1.
	Staff costs - pension costs	(SW)		11.8	1.
	Staff costs - pension costs	(Business Stre	am)	-	
IAS 16	Repairs & maintenance			5.6	2.
	Depreciation			(13.3)	2.
IFRIC 12	PFI costs reallocated			40.9	3.
	Depreciation			(15.3)	3.
				29.7	
IFRS adju	stments to Finance costs				
IAS 19	Pension scheme - interest on lia	abilities, less re	turn on assets	(3.4)	1.
IFRIC 12	Finance lease finance costs			(26.3)	3.
				(29.7)	

Scottish Water Year ended 31 March 2012 Reconciliation of Regulatory Accounts / M Tables to Consolidated Statutory Accounts

	TABLE M27		IFRS		Statutory Accounts (IFRS)
Line	Description	Consolidated	adjustments	Consolidated	
	•	£m (3dp)	£m (1dp)	£m (1dp)	
27.1	Turnover	1,138.491	-	1,138.5	Revenue
27.2	Operating costs	(397.871)			
27.3	PPP costs	(146.104)			
27.4	Historical Cost Depreciation	(221.484)		(718.7)	Cost of sales
27.5	Infrastructure Renewals charge	(107.500)			
27.6	Amortisation of PFI assets	(2.341)		(125.5)	Administrative expenses
27.7	Amortisation of deferred income	0.904			
27.8	Operating income	0.492			
		(873.904)	29.7	(844.2)	
27.9	Operating profit	264.587	29.7	294.3	Operating surplus
				64.9	Finance income
				(252.2)	Finance costs
27.11	Net interest receivable less payable	(157.590)	(29.7)	(187.3)	
27.12	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	106.997	-	107.0	Surplus before taxation
27.13	Taxation - current	(9.113)			
27.14	Taxation - deferred	1.003			
		(8.110)	(0.4)	(8.5)	Taxation
27.19	Retained profit for year	98.887	(0.4)	98.5	Surplus for the year

Year ended 31 March 2012 Reconciliation of Regulatory Accounts / M Tables to Consolidated Statutory Accounts

	TABLEM28		IFRS adjustm	ents:		Reallocations	s / Reclassificat	tions:		Statuto	ory Accounts (I	FRS)
			IAS19	IAS16	IFRIC12	Infra	Deferred /					
			Pension /	Infrastructure	PFI assets/	Renewals	Current tax	Split				
Line	Description	Consolidated	holiday nay	assets/deprn		Prepayment	presentation	<> 1yr	(Consolidated		
Line	Description	£m (3dp)	Honday pay	ussets/depin	Intuitee lease	Тераунен	presentation	191		£m (1dp)		
	Fixed Assets	211 (З цр)								ωm (rup)	Non-current asse	ot s
2.1	Tangible Assets	4,864.130		(29.8)	415.8	(54.0)				5,196.1	Property, plant &	
2.2	Investment - loan to group company	1,001.130		(25.0)	115.0	(31.0)				5,170.1	rioperty, plant &	ецирики
2.3	Investment - Other	0.088										
2.4	Total fixed assets	4,864.218								5,196.1		
	Total India assets	1,001.210								5,170.1		
	Current Assets										Current assets	
2.5	Stocks	1.865								1.9	Inventories	
2.6	Debtors	185.462								185.5	Trade & other rec	eivables
							1.0			1.0	Current tax asset	
2.7	Cash at bank and in hand	355.240								355.2	Cash & cash equ	ivalents
2.8	Short term deposits	-							\top			
2.9	Gilts reserve	-							\top			
2.10	Assets transferred to PPP contractors	40.212			(40.2)							
2.11	Infrastructure Renewals prepayment	-										
2.12	Total current assets	582.779								543.6		
	Creditors: amounts falling due within one ye	rar									Current liabilitie	?S
2.13	Overdrafts	-										
2.14	Infrastructure Renewals accrual	(54.014)				54.0						
2.15	Creditors	(399.460)	(2.1)					(2.5)	(i)	(404.0)	Trade & other pa	vables
2.16	Borrowings (excl. Govt. loans)	(1.700)			(15.5)			(12)		(17.2)	Other loans & bo	
2.17	Corporation tax payable	(3.414)					(1.0)			(4.4)	Current tax liabilit	
		ì					<u> </u>	(5.4)	(ii)	(5.4)	Provisions for lia	bilities
2.18	Customer retained earnings payable	-							111			
2.19	Total creditors	(458.588)								(431.0)		
2.20	Net current assets	124.191								112.6		
2.21	Total assets less current liabilities	4,988.409								5,308.7		
	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	r									Non-current liab	ilities
2.22	Borrowings (excl. Govt. loans)	(2.435)			(415.5)					(417.9)	Other loans & bo	rrowings
2.23	Other creditors	(47.820)						(22.8)	(i)	(70.6)	Trade & other pa	yables
2.24	Total creditors	(50.255)						. ,		(488.5)		
										· 1		
	Provision for liabilities & charges											
2.25	Deferred tax provision	(447.177)	67.5				-			(379.7)	Deferred tax liabil	ities
2.26	Deferred income - grants and contributions	(25.327)						25.3	(i)			
2.27	Post employment assets / (liabilities)		(281.1)							(281.1)	Retirement benef	it obligations
2.28	Other provisions	(38.893)	32.4					5.4	(ii)	(1.1)	Provisions for lia	bilities
2.29	Net Assets employed	4,426.757	(183.3)	(29.8)	(55.4)	-	-	-		4,158.3	Net assets	
	Capital and reserves										Equity	
2.30	Govt. loans	3,223.640								3,223.7	Government loan	S
2.31	Income and Expenditure account	1,069.687	(183.3)	(29.8)	(55.4)		-			801.2	Retained earnings	
2.32	Other reserves	133.430	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>					133.4	Other reserves	
2.33	Capital & reserves	4,426.757	(183.3)	(29.8)	(55.4)	-	-	-		4,158.3		
	•		1 ` ′		<u> </u>					,		

Scottish Water Year ended 31 March 2012

Reconciliation of Regulatory Accounts / M Tables to Consolidated Statutory Accounts (Company only)

	TABLE M2					/ Reclassificat	/ Reclassifications:			ory Accounts	(IFRS)	
			IAS19	IAS16	IFRIC12	Infra	Deferred /					
			Pension /	Infrastructure	PFI assets/	Renewals	Current tax	Split				
ine	Description	Total	holiday pay	assets/depm	finance lease	Prepayment		<> 1yr		Company		
ine	Description	£m (3dp)	nonday pay	uss ets/ depin	Intairee lease	Trepuyment	presentation	1,1		£m (1dp)		
	Fixed Assets	(3111 (C (4p)								311 (144)	Non-current d	issets
1	Tangible Assets	4,845.038		(29.8)	415.8	(54.0)				5,177.0	_	t & equipment
2	Investment - loan to group company	- 1,0 12.030		(25.0)	110.0	(50)				5,177.0	1 roperty, plan	- CC Cquipinent
3	Investment - Other	37.688								37.6	Investments	
4	Total fixed assets	4,882.726								5,214.6		
		,								.,		
	Current Assets										Current asset	S
5	Stocks	1.719								1.7	Inventories	
6	Debtors	58.830								58.9	Trade & other	receivables
							0.9			0.9	Current tax as	set
.7	Cash at bank and in hand	240.978								241.0	Cash & cash	
8	Short term deposits	-										•
9	Gilts reserve	-										
10	Assets transferred to PPP contractors	40.212			(40.2)							
11	Infrastructure Renewals prepayment											
12	Total current assets	341.739								302.5		
	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year										Current liabi	lities
13	Overdrafts	-										
14	Infrastructure Renewals accrual	(54.014)				54.0						
15	Creditors	(318.219)	(1.9)					(1.1)	(i)	(321.3)	Trade & other	payables
16	Borrowings (excl. Govt. loans)	(1.700)			(15.5)					(17.2)	Other loans &	borrowings
17	Corporation tax payable	0.850					(0.9)					
								(5.1)	(ii)	(5.1)	Provisions for	liabilities
18	Customer retained earnings payable	-										
19	Total creditors	(373.083)								(343.6)		
20	Net current assets	(31.344)								(41.1)		
.21	Total assets less current liabilities	4,851.382								5,173.5		
	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year										Non-current l	iabilities
22	Borrowings (excl. Govt. loans)	(2.435)			(415.5)					(417.9)	Other loans &	
23	Other creditors	(47.820)						(16.6)	(i)	(64.4)	Trade & other	payables
24	Total creditors	(50.255)								(482.3)		
	Provision for liabilities & charges											
25	Deferred tax provision	(446.654)	67.6							(379.0)	Deferred tax li	abilities
.26	Deferred income - grants and contributions	(17.688)						17.7	(i)			
27	Post employment assets / (liabilities)	-	(281.7)						-	(281.7)		nefit obligations
28	Other provisions	(38.622)	32.4					5.1	(ii)	(1.1)	Provisions for	liabilities
29	Net Assets employed	4,298.163	(183.6)	(29.8)	(55.4)	-	-	-		4,029.4	Net assets	
	Capital and reserves										Equity	
30	Govt. loans	3,165.140								3,165.2	Government le	oans
31	Income and Expenditure account	999.593	(183.6)	(29.8)	(55.4)					730.8	Retained earn	
32	Other reserves	133.430	<u> </u>	<u> </u>						133.4	Other reserve	
.33	Capital & reserves	4,298.163	(183.6)	(29.8)	(55.4)	-		_		4,029.4		

Scottish Water Year ended 31 March 2012

Reconciliation of Regulatory Accounts / M Tables to Consolidated Statutory Accounts (Company only)

Statutory Accou	Statutory Accounts (IFRS)		Reallocations / Reclassifications:			IFRS		Less -	Regulatory Tables			
	Company	Expand detail	categories	<>1 year	Interco	Adjs	CCA Adj	Non Reg	M11	M5	Line	Description
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m		
Note 11												
Inventories	1.7								1.7		11.1	Stocks
Note 12 Trade & other receivables												
Trade receivables (net)	30.9	(30.9)										
Other receivables	21.0	(21.0)										
Prepayments & accrued income	5.5		0.1		0.7				6.3		11.6	Prepayments & other short term debtor
Amounts due from subsidiaries	1.5				(1.5)							
Trade debtors - household		27.4							27.4		11.2	Trade debtors - household
Other trade debtors		3.5	0.2		0.8			(0.3)	4.2		11.4	Other trade debtors
Other debtors - operating		0.3	(0.3)					(1.12)				
Other debtors - non operating		20.7	(0.0)							20.7	5.12	Non trade debtors
other decicion men operating	58.9									=3.7		
	20.7					40.2				40.2	5.11	Asset transferred to PPP contractors
Note 14 Trade & other payables										.5.2		
Current												
Trade payables	(23.9)				(2.7)				(26.6)		11.7	Trade creditors
Non trade payables & accruals	(86.4)				(34.5)				(120.9)		11.10	Short-term capital creditors
Accruals	(133.6)	133.6			(54.5)				(120.7)		11.10	Short-term capital creditors
Payments received in advance	(8.9)	155.0	8.9									
Other payables	(5.5)		5.5									
Deferred income	(1.1)		3.3	1.1								
Other taxes & social security	(2.5)		2.5	1.1								
Amounts due to subsidiaries			2.3		27.2			(2.2)				
	(24.9)				34.5			(2.2)				
Amounts due to SWS	(34.5)		(0.4)						(24.0)		11.0	
Wholesale charge prepayment		(24.0)	(0.4)		(24.5)				(24.9)		11.8	
Credit note provision		(24.8)	(2.5)			1.0			(24.8)		11.11	1 0 1 1
Accruals - operating		(75.3)	(2.5)			1.9		0.4	(75.8)	(45.1)	11.12	Accruals & other creditors
Other creditors - non operating	(221.2)	(33.5)	(14.0)					0.4		(47.1)	5.13	Non trade creditors due < 1 year
	(321.3)											
Non current												
Other payables	(47.8)									(47.8)	5.20	Other creditors
Deferred income	(16.6)			(1.1)			(4.5)			(22.2)	5.2	Third party contributions
	(64.4)											
Note 17 Other loans & borrowings												
Current												
Non-government loans	(1.7)									(1.7)	5.9	Borrowings (excl Govt loans) (<1 year)
Obligations under finance leases	(15.5)					15.5						
	(17.2)											
Non current												
Non-government loans	(2.4)									(2.4)	5.19	Borrowings (excl Govt loans) (>1year)
Obligations under finance leases	(415.5)					415.5						
	(417.9)											
Check total	(760.2)	-	-	-	-	473.1	(4.5)	(2.1)	(233.4)	(60.3)		