Statement of members' responsibilities
Independent auditors' report
Financial statements

Statement of members' responsibilities for the preparation of the financial statements

The following statement, which should be read in conjunction with the statement of auditors' responsibilities included in the Auditors' Report below, is made with a view to distinguishing the respective responsibilities of the Members and of the auditors in relation to the financial statements.

The Members are required by the Water Industry (Scotland) Act 2002 and directions made thereunder to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of Scottish Water and of its income and expenditure for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the Members are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material
 - departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to do so.

The Members are responsible for keeping proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy, at any time, the financial position of Scottish Water and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with statute and any financial reporting requirements. They are also responsible for taking reasonable steps to safeguard the assets of the business and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditor's report to the members of the Board of Scottish Water, the Auditor General for Scotland and the Scottish Parliament

We have audited the financial statements of Scottish Water for the year ended 31 March 2007 under the Water Industry (Scotland) Act 2002. These comprise the Income and Expenditure Account, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses and the related notes. The financial statements do not include any other part of the Annual Report, such as the Members' Report, the Chair's Statement, the Financial and Business Review, the Corporate Governance Report, the Members' Remuneration Report. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out within them.

This report, including the opinion, has been made solely to the parties to whom it is addressed in accordance with the Public Finance and Accountability (Scotland) Act 2000 and the Code of Audit Practice approved by the Auditor General for Scotland and for no other purpose as set out in paragraph 43 of the Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and of Audited Bodies prepared by Audit Scotland, dated July 2001. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Respective responsibilities of the Board Members, Chief Executive and auditor

The Board Members and Chief Executive are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with the Water Industry (Scotland) Act 2002 and directions made thereunder by the Scottish Ministers and for ensuring the regularity of expenditure and income. These responsibilities are set out in the Statement of Board Members' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) as required by the Code of Audit Practice approved by the Auditor General for Scotland

We report our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and whether the financial statements and the part of the Remuneration Report to be audited have been properly prepared in accordance with the Water Industry (Scotland) Act 2002 and directions made thereunder by the Scottish Ministers. We also report whether in all material respects the expenditure and income shown in the financial statements were incurred or applied in accordance with any applicable enactments and guidance issued by the Scottish Ministers. We also report if, in our opinion, the Members Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the body has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by relevant authorities regarding remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed. The Members' Report includes certain information pertaining to Scottish Water's principal activities and Members that is cross referenced to the Chair's Statement and the Financial and Business Review sections of the Annual Report.

We review whether the Corporate Governance Statement reflects the body's compliance with those provisions in the Combined Code specified for our review in the Accounts Requirements. We report if, in our opinion, it does not comply with the

guidance or if it is misleading or inconsistent with other information we are aware of from our audit of the financial statements. We are not required to consider, nor have we considered, whether the statement covers all risks and controls. Neither are we required to form an opinion on the effectiveness of the body's corporate governance procedures or its risk and control procedures.

We read certain of the other information contained in the annual report and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. This other information comprises only the Members' Report, the Chair's Statement, the Financial and Business Review, the Corporate Governance Report, the Members' Remuneration Report and the Statement of Members' Responsibilities. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Public Finance and Accountability (Scotland) Act 2000 and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board as required by the Code of Audit Practice approved by the Auditor General for Scotland. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts, disclosures and regularity of expenditure and income included in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the Board Members and Chief Executive in preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the body's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements and the part of the Remuneration Report to be audited are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error, and that in all material respects the expenditure and income shown in the financial statements were incurred or applied in accordance with any applicable enactments and guidance issued by the Scottish Ministers. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements and the part of the Remuneration Report to be audited.

Opinion

Financial statements

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with the Water Industry (Scotland) Act 2002 and directions made thereunder by the Scottish Ministers, of the state of affairs of the body as at 31 March 2007 and of its surplus, total recognised gains and losses and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the financial statements and the part of the Remuneration Report to be audited have been properly prepared in accordance with the Water Industry (Scotland) Act 2002 and directions made thereunder by the Scottish Ministers.

Regularity

In our opinion in all material respects the expenditure and income shown in the financial statements were incurred or applied in accordance with any applicable enactments and guidance issued by the Scottish Ministers.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Edinburgh June 2007

Notes:

- (a) The maintenance and integrity of the [name of entity] website is the responsibility of the directors; the work carried out by the auditors does not involve consideration of these matters and, accordingly, the auditors accept no responsibility for any changes that may have occurred to the financial statements since they were initially presented on the website.
- (b) Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Income and expenditure account - Consolidated

For the year ended 31 March 2007

Cost of sales Gross surplus Administrative expenses Operating surplus before exceptional items Exceptional items Operating surplus on ordinary activities before interest Net interest payable Other finance income/(costs) Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation Taxation Retained surplus for the financial year Surplus for the financial year (549.7) (58 467.3 42 467.3 43 44		Notes	2007 £m	2006 £m
Gross surplus Administrative expenses Operating surplus before exceptional items Exceptional items Operating surplus on ordinary activities before interest Net interest payable Other finance income/(costs) Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation Taxation Retained surplus for the financial year Surplus for the financial year 467.3 43 467.3 43 467.3 45 467.3 46 467.3 45 467.3 45 467.3 46 46 47 47 4143.3) (1143.3)	Turnover	2	1,017.0	1,019.0
Administrative expenses Operating surplus before exceptional items Exceptional items Operating surplus on ordinary activities before interest Net interest payable Other finance income/(costs) Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation Taxation Retained surplus for the financial year Surplus for the financial year (97.9) (97	Cost of sales		(549.7)	(581.7)
Operating surplus before exceptional items Exceptional items Operating surplus on ordinary activities before interest Net interest payable Other finance income/(costs) Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation Taxation Retained surplus for the financial year Statement of total recognised gains and losses	Gross surplus		467.3	437.3
Exceptional items Operating surplus on ordinary activities before interest Net interest payable Other finance income/(costs) Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation Taxation Retained surplus for the financial year Statement of total recognised gains and losses	Administrative expenses		(97.9)	(92.5)
Operating surplus on ordinary activities before interest Net interest payable Other finance income/(costs) Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation Taxation Retained surplus for the financial year Statement of total recognised gains and losses	Operating surplus before exceptional items	2, 3	369.4	344.8
Net interest payable Other finance income/(costs) Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation Taxation Retained surplus for the financial year Statement of total recognised gains and losses Surplus for the financial year 158.3 1	Exceptional items	4	· · · · · ·	(4.9)
Other finance income/(costs) Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation Taxation Retained surplus for the financial year Statement of total recognised gains and losses Surplus for the financial year	Operating surplus on ordinary activities before interest		369.4	339.9
Taxation 9 (70.6) (0 Retained surplus for the financial year 158.3 1 Statement of total recognised gains and losses Surplus for the financial year 158.3 1				(142.8)
Retained surplus for the financial year Statement of total recognised gains and losses Surplus for the financial year	Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation		228.9	196.1
Statement of total recognised gains and losses Surplus for the financial year	Taxation	9 _	(70.6)	(61.3)
Surplus for the financial year	Retained surplus for the financial year	_	158.3	134.8
Surplus for the financial year	Statement of total recognised gains and losses			
	Surplus for the financial year Actuarial gain/(loss) recognised in respect of pension funds	21 _		134.8 (34.8)
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the financial year 211.8 1	Total recognised gains and losses relating to the financial year		211.8	100.0
Prior year adjustment for the implementation of FRS 17 'Retirement Benefits'	Prior year adjustment for the implementation of FRS 17 'Retirement Benefits'	-	·	(67.3)
Total gains and losses recognised since last Annual Report 211.8	Total gains and losses recognised since last Annual Report	-	211.8	32.7

Balance Sheets

As at 31 March 2007

		Group		Group Company			1
	Notes	2007 £m	2006 £m	2007 £m	2006 £m		
Fixed assets Tangible fixed assets	10	3,443.8	3,255.4	3,442.5	3,255.4		
Current assets Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	12 13	3.5 156.8 12.8	4.0 142.7 0.7	3.5 160.1 1.6	4.0 142.7 <u>9.7</u>		
		173.1	147.4	165.2	147.4		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	14 _	(291.9)	(304.1)	(287.0)	(304.1)		
Net current liabilities		(118.8)	(156.7)	(121.8)	(156.7)		
Total assets less current liabilities		3,325.0	3,098.7	3,320.7	3,098.7		
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	14	(58.1)	(62.5)	(58.0)	(62.5)		
Provisions for liabilities and charges Deferred taxation Other provisions	15 16 _	(205.8) (6.3)	(137 0) (2.3)	(205.8) (6.3)	(137.0) (2.3)		
Net assets excluding pension liability		3,054.8	2,896.9	3,050.6	2,896.9		
Pension liability	21	(104.9)	(165.0)	(104.9)	(165.0)		
Net assets	-	2,949.9	2,731.9	2,945.7	2,731.9		
Capital and reserves Government loans Income and expenditure account reserve Other reserves	17 18	2,412.2 404.3 133.4	2,406.0 192.5 133.4	2,412.2 400.1 133.4	2,406.0 192.5 133.4		
		2,949.9	2,731.9	2,945.7	2,731.9		

Cash flow statement - Consolidated

For the year ended 31 March 2007

Net debt

		Notes	2007 £m	2006 £m
Net cash inflow from operating activities		(i)	606.9	620.4
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Net cash outflow from returns on investment and servicing of finance		(ii)	(143.9)	(141.8)
			463.0	478.6
Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets			(455.4) 2.1	(655.0) 6.1
Sale of tangible fixed assets Government grants			2.4	1.4
Net cash inflow/(outflow) before management of liquid resources and financing			12.1	(168.9)
Financing Net cash inflow from financing		(iii)	-	162.1
Increase/(decrease) in cash			12.1	(6.8)
Reconciliation of net cash flow movement to movement in net debt Increase/(decrease) in cash Cash inflow from increase in debt financing Movement in net debt Net debt at 1 April Net debt at 31 March			12.1 12.1 (2,436.2) (2,424.1)	(6.8) (162.1) (168.9) (2,267.3) (2,436.2)
Analysis of net debt	As at	Increase	(Increase)/ decrease	As at 31 March 2007
	1 April 2006 £m	in cash £m	in debt £m	31 March 2007 £m
Cash at bank and in hand Debt due within one year	0.7 (69.6)	12.1	- 1.6	12.8 (68.0)
Net borrowings due within one year Net borrowings due after more than one year _	(68.9) (2,367.3)	12.1	1.6 (1.6)	(55.2) (2,368.9)

(2,436.2)

(2,424.1)

Notes to the consolidated cash flow statement

For the year ended 31 March 2007

		2007 £m	2006 £m
(i) Reconciliation of operating s	urplus to net cash inflow from operating activities		
Operating surplus		369.4	344.8
FRS 17 additional pension charge		5.6	2.8
Exceptional items charged		-	(4.9)
Depreciation charges		225.4	250.5
Amortisation of grants and PFI ass		0.4	1.0
Surplus on disposal of tangible fixe	d assets	(1.4)	(3.9)
(Increase)/decrease in debtors		(15.7)	56.1
Decrease in stocks		0.5	0.2
Increase/(decrease) in creditors		28.1	(3.7)
Decrease in provisions		(5.4)	(22.5)
Net cash inflow from operating a	activities	606.9	620.4
(ii) Returns on investment and s	ervicing of finance		
Interest received		2.6	1.4
Interest paid		(146.5)	(143.2)
Net cash outflow from returns or	n investment and servicing of finance	(143.9)	(141.8)
(iii) Financing			
Borrowings due within one year	- repayment of loans	(73.0)	(112.5)
· , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - ,	- increase in loans	73.0	112.6
Borrowings due after one year	- repayment of loans	(69.6)	(70.9)
-	- increase in loans	69.6	232.9
Net cash inflow from financing			162.1

For the year ended 31 March 2007

1 Accounting policies

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, in a form directed by Scottish Ministers in accordance with section 45(2) of the Water Industry (Scotland) Act 2002. The financial statements comply with all applicable United Kingdom accounting standards and the Companies Act 1985, except as disclosed below in relation to 'Capital grants and customer contributions'. There have been no significant changes to Scottish Water's accounting policies during the year.

The Members consider that the accounting policies set out below are the most appropriate and have been consistently applied.

Basis of consolidation

(a) Subsidiary companies

The consolidated financial information incorporates the results of Scottish Water (the Company) and of its trading subsidiary company, Scottish Water Business Stream Limited, using the acquisition method of accounting. The consolidated financial information does not include the non trading subsidiary companies as permitted under section 229 of the Companies Act 1985 (note 11).

Scottish Water Business Steam Limited commenced trading on 1 November 2006, therefore the comparative financial information for the year ended 31 March 2006 relates to Scottish Water only. Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Scottish Water and Scottish Water Business Stream have been eliminated within the consolidated financial statements.

(b) Joint Arrangement Non Entity

The nature of the contractual agreement between Scotlish Water and the other shareholders in Scotlish Water Solutions Limited is such that the parties are engaged in joint activities that do not constitute an entity carrying on a trade or business in its own right. Consequently, Scotlish Water Solutions Limited has been accounted for under FRS 9 Associates and Joint Ventures, as a JANE, (Joint Arrangement Non Entity). On this basis Scotlish Water accounts directly for its own gross assets, liabilities and cash flows in the joint arrangement.

Income recognition

Turnover comprises charges to customers for water and wastewater services, excluding value added tax. For measured customers, turnover includes an estimate of the value of water and wastewater services supplied to customers between the date of the last meter reading and the year-end. For unmeasured customers billed in advance, income is deferred and released to the income and expenditure account throughout the year.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Freehold land and assets under construction are not depreciated.

The infrastructure network which comprise a network of water and wastewater systems including mains, sewers, impounding and pumped raw water storage reservoirs, dams, sludge pipelines and sea outfalls are considered to have an infinite life. Expenditure to maintain the network infrastructure is dealt with under a renewals accounting approach whereby the annualised planned expenditure to maintain the operating capacity of this infrastructure is treated and charged as depreciation to the income and expenditure account. The actual expenditure incurred on infrastructure assets is capitalised, as is any expenditure that increases the capacity of the network.

Depreciation is provided on other tangible fixed assets to write-off cost, less residual values, on a straight-line basis over their estimated operational lives, from the date of beneficial use as follows:

Non operational buildings and structures Specialised operational buildings and structures Plant, machinery, vehicles and fencing Fixtures and fittings, furniture and temporary buildings 60 years 20 to 80 years 1 to 20 years 5 years

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be justified. The resulting impairment charge is included within depreciation.

Capital grants and customer contributions

Capital grants and customer contributions in respect of infrastructure assets are deducted from the cost of the fixed asset. This treatment is not in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 but has been adopted to show a true and fair view since, as explained above, infrastructure assets have an infinite economic life and hence no basis exists on which to recognise such contributions as deferred income. Grants and contributions received in respect of non-infrastructure assets are credited to deferred income and are released to the income and expenditure account over the expected useful lives of the relevant fixed assets.

Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less any provision for impairment.

Stocks

Stocks and work in progress are stated at the lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost includes all costs incurred in bringing each asset to its present location and condition. The valuation of work in progress is based on the cost of labour and materials plus appropriate overheads.

Leased assets

Leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the income and expenditure account over the term of the lease on a straight-line basis. Scottish Water has no amounts due under finance leases.

For the year ended 31 March 2007

1 Accounting policies

Research and development costs

Research and development expenditure is charged to the income and expenditure account in the year in which it is incurred.

Private Finance Initiative (PFI) costs

All costs incurred in relation to the development of PFI schemes are charged to the income and expenditure account as incurred. However, costs relating to other tangible fixed assets belonging to Scottish Water and transferred to the PFI operator are treated as a debtor and amortised over the length of the service contract. PFI land transferred to the operator is not amortised. Rental costs arising under PFI operating leases are expensed to the income and expenditure account over the terms of the lease

Indebtedness to the Scottish Ministers and other long term loans

Loans from the National Loans Fund, the Scotlish Consolidated Fund and other Government borrowings are treated as part of capital and reserves, including loan repayments due within one year, in accordance with the Accounts Direction.

Overdrafts and other loans are included under creditors, as appropriate, in accordance with the Companies Act

Derivatives and financial instruments

Scottish Water's financial instruments comprise borrowing, cash and liquid resources, and various items such as debtors and creditors that arise directly from operations.

Financial instruments are recognised in the balance sheet when an obligation is identified and released as that obligation is fulfilled. Cash, debtors and creditors are held at cost. Borrowings are held at cost in the balance sheet, but disclosed at fair value in note 17. Fair values were estimated by independent appraisal using a valuation technique based on prevailing market interest rates at the end of the financial year. Interest on loans and cash is recognised and reported in the period in which the payment is made or received.

Scottish Water's policy is not to trade or speculate in financial instruments. All treasury activities are undertaken in accordance with the permitted activities as set out in the Delegated Limits Direction made under the Water Industry (Scotland) Act 2002.

Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid or recovered using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences which have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date, subject to certain exceptions. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that they are recoverable.

Full provision has been made without discounting

Pensions

Employees of Scottish Water participate in the Local Government Pension Scheme administered by Aberdeen, Glasgow and Edinburgh City Councils, all of which are defined benefit schemes.

Pension scheme assets are measured using market values. Pension scheme liabilities are measured using the projected unit actuarial method and are discounted at the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liability. Any increase in the present value of liabilities within the defined benefit pension schemes expected to rise from employee service in the period is charged to operating profit. The expected return on the schemes' assets and the increase during the period in the present value of the schemes' liabilities arising from the passage of time are included in other finance income. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses. Pension scheme deficits and surpluses, to the extent that the surplus is considered recoverable, are recognised in full and presented on the face of the balance sheet net of related deferred tax.

Bad debts

The bad debt provision is calculated by applying expected recovery rates, based on actual historical cash collection performance, to the aged debt profile of the outstanding debt.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when there is a present obligation for a past event, for which it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Related party transactions

Scottish Water has taken advantage of the exemption provided by FRS 8, which permits the non-disclosure of transactions and balances with related parties that have been eliminated on consolidation

For the year ended 31 March 2007

2 Segmental analysis

All turnover and surplus before taxation arises from continuing operations within the United Kingdom.

Scotlish Water's principal activity is the supply of water and wastewater services to household and business customers across Scotland. In view of the integrated nature of Scotlish Water's operational activities, the financial statements include all of the costs of water and wastewater collection, treatment and distribution within cost of sales. An analysis of turnover, operating surplus and net assets by activity is provided below:

	Turnover		Operating surplus before exceptional items		Net assets	
	2007 £m	2006 £m	2007 £m	2006 £m	2007 £m	2006 £m
Regulated water and waste water services Licensed water and waste water services	846.0 140.9	973.0	360.8 6.8	343.5	3,247.0 30.0	3,066.4
Non regulated trading activities	986.9 30.1	973.0 46.0	367.6 1.8	343.5 1.3	3.277.0 1.8	3,066.4
Unallocated net liabilities	1,017.0	1,019.0	369.4	344.8	3,278.8 (328.9)	3,066.4 (334.5)
					2,949.9	2,731.9

The segmental analysis reflects the licensed water and waste water services that commenced under Scottish Water Business Stream Limited from 1 November 2006. Non regulated trading activities reflect the business structure under the new regulatory regime effective from 1 April 2006 Unallocated net liabilities include provisions, the pension liability and loans which cannot be directly allocated to business segments.

3 Operating surplus

Operating surplus is arrived at after charging/(crediting):	2007 £m	2006 £m
PFI operating costs	125.6	120.1
Infrastructure maintenance charge	88.0	110.0
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	137.4	140.5
Amortisation of assets transferred to PFI service companies	1.6	1.6
Gain on sale of tangible fixed assets	(1.4)	(3.9)
Release of deferred income in relation to capital grants	(1.2)	(0.5)
Operating lease rentals - hire of other assets	4.6	7.9
Auditors remuneration - audit services	0.2	0.2
Auditors remuneration - other*	•	0.1
Research and development expenditure	. 0.3	0.3

^{*} This relates to the provision of regulatory services.

4 Exceptional items

There were no exceptional items charged in 2007. The exceptional costs charged to the income and expenditure account in 2006 of £4.9m relate to restructuring and transformation costs undertaken as the final part of the £200m Spend to Save programme allowed for by the former Water Industry Commissioner for Scotland in the Strategic Review of Charges 2002-2006. These exceptional costs incurred during the year to 31 March 2006 were predominantly IT related associated with the restructuring and transformation of the business.

5 Staff costs

	2007	2006
	£m	£m
Wages and salaries	100.3	96.6
Social security costs	7.8	7.9
FRS17 pension costs	19.7	15.9
	127.8	120.4
Less: charged as capital expenditure	(26.1)	(17.3)
Less: seconded staff charged to Scottish Water Solutions Limited	(8.6)	(9.4)
	93.1	93.7

For the year ended 31 March 2007

Current tax charge for the year

5 Staff costs (continued)

Interest receivable Interest from short-term deposits	The average number of people (including executive and non-executive Members) employed by Scottish Water during the	e year was 3,587 (2006: 3 2007	3,693): 2006
Non-equilated trading activities 270 275	Regulated water and waste water services	2,976	3,193
Scotish Water Solutions Limited secondees 2.09 3,587 3.587 3.583		132	-
Net interest payable Covernment applial loans Covernment applial loa	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
The number of people employed al 31 March 2007 was 3,675 FTE (2006, 3,630),	Scottish Water Solutions Limited secondees	209	222
Information concerning Members' remuneration, incentive schemes and pensions is detailed in the Remuneration Report on pages xx to xx. No Member or circetor had, during the year or at the end of the year, any molerial interest in any contract of algrificance in relation to Scottish Water's business. 7. Net interest payable 2007 2006 2007 Emineration short-term deposits 2.6 1.3 Other interest receivable 1.2.6 1.4 Interest payable 2.6 1.4 Interest payable 3.4 Government capital loans 3.4 Other loans 4.4 Other loans 4.4 Other finance income/costs 2.0 Expectiser return on pension scheme assets 4.4 Analysis of tax charge in the year 4.4 Expectiser return on pension scheme liabilities 4.4 Other finance income/costs 2.0 3. Tax ation 4.4 Current tax: UK corporation tax on surplus for the year in Scottish Water Business Stream Limited 1.8 Expectiser return on or ordinary activities 4.4 Factors affecting current tax charge 1.1 Tax on surplus on ordinary activities 4.5 Expects affecting current tax charge 1.5 The total current tax charge for the year is lover than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2006. 30%) The differences are explained below Surplus on ordinary activities as tandard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005. 30%) The differences are explained below Surplus on ordinary activities as tandard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005. 30%) The differences are explained below Surplus on ordinary activities as tandard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005. 30%) The differences are explained below Surplus on ordinary activities as tandard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005. 30%) The differences are explained below Surplus on ordinary activities as tandard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005. 30%) The differences are explained below Surplus on ordinary activities as tandard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005. 30%) The differences of 6.5 in 6.5	The number of people employed at 31 March 2007 was 3,575 FTE (2006. 3,630).	3,587	3.693
Taxation Scale S	6 Members' remuneration		
Interest receivable Interest receivable Interest from short-term deposits 2.6 1.3 0.1 0.			No Member or
Interest receivable Interest from short-term deposits	7 Net interest payable		
Interest receivable			2006
Cher interest roceivable 2.6 1.3 Cher interest roceivable 2.6 1.4 Interest payable (143.5) (140.8) Coher loans (143.5) (140.8) Cher loans (143.5) (144.2) Cher loans (145.9) (144.2) Net interest payable (143.3) (142.8) Net interest payable (143.3) (142.8) Respected return on pension scheme assets 2007 2006 Em Em 2m Expected return on pension scheme assets 49.4 41.3 Interest on pension scheme liabilities (46.6) (42.3) Other finance income/(costs) 2.8 (1.0) 9 Taxation 2007 2006 Analysis of tax charge in the year 2007 2006 Current tax UK corporation tax on surplus for the year in Scottish Water Business Stream Limited 1.8 - 2007 Deterred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences 68.8 61.3 Tax on surplus on ordinary activities 70.5 61.3 Factors affecting current tax charge (143.8) (143.8) Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation 228.9 196.1 Tax on surplus on ordinary activities at standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2006. 30%) The differences are explained below Surplus on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005. 30%) The differences are explained below Surplus on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005. 30%) (143.8) Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 0.9 1.2 Decrease in general provisions not deductible for tax purposes 0.9 1.2 Capital allowance in excess of depreciation (26.6) (27.7) (26.9) Capital allowance in excess of depreciation (27.7) (26.9) Capital allowance in excess of depre	Interest receivable	£m	£m
Interest payable	Interest from short-term deposits	2.6	
Government capital loans (143.5) (140.8) Other loans (2.4) (3.4) (145.9) (144.2) (145.9) (144.2) Net interest payable (143.3) (142.8) 8 Other finance income/costs 2007 2006 £m £m £m £m £m £m £m £m £m £m £m £m 2.8 (1.0) £m 9 Taxation 2.8 (1.0) 9 Taxation 2.8 (1.0) Analysis of tax charge in the year 2007 2006 £m £m £m Current tax: UK corporation tax on surplus for the year in Scottish Water Business Stream Limited 1.8		2.6	1.4
Other loans (2.4) (3.4) (145.9) (144.2) (145.9) (144.2) Net interest payable (143.3) (142.8) 8 Other finance income/costs 2007 2006 £m £m £m £xpected return on pension scheme assets 49.4 41.3 .nterest on pension scheme liabilities 49.4 41.3 .terest on pension scheme liabilities 2.8 (1.0) 9 Taxation 2.8 (1.0) 9 Taxation surplus on tax charge in the year 2007 2006 £m £m £m £m £m £m Current tax: UK corporation tax on surplus for the year in Scottish Water Business Stream Limited 1.8 - Deterred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences 68.8 61.3 Tax on surplus on ordinary activities 70.6 61.3 Factors affecting current tax charge 70.6 61.3 The total current tax charge for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2006: 30%) The differences are explained below	· ·	(440.5)	
Net interest payable (145.9)	·		
Net interest payable (143.3) (142.8) 8 Other finance income/costs 2007 2006 £m £m £m 2.8 (1.0) 44.3 Other finance income/(costs) 2.8 (1.0) 9 Taxation 2.8 (1.0) Analysis of tax charge in the year 2007 2006 Current tax UK corporation tax on surplus for the year in Scottish Water Business Stream Limited 1.8 - Deterred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences 68.8 61.3 Tax on surplus on ordinary activities 70.6 61.3 Factors affecting current tax charge The total current tax charge for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2006. 30%) The differences are explained below Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation 228.9 196.1 Tax on surplus on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate			
8 Other finance income/costs 2007 2006 £m £m £m £m Expected return on pension scheme assets .nterest on pension scheme liabilities (46.6) (42.3) Other finance income/(costs) 9 Taxation Analysis of tax charge in the year Current tax: UK corporation tax on surplus for the year in Scottish Water Business Stream Limited 1.8 - Deterred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences 68.8 61.3 Tax on surplus on ordinary activities 70.6 61.3 Factors affecting current tax charge The total current tax charge for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2006: 30%) The differences are explained below Surplus on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005: 30%) Tax on surplus on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005: 30%) Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 0.9 1.2 Decrease in general provisions not deductible for tax purposes (5.1) (3.0) Other timing differences 0.4 0.8 Capital allowance in excess of depreciation (37.7) (28.9)		(145.9)	(144.2)
Expected return on pension scheme assets Expected return on pension scheme assets At 94 at 1.3 (46.6) (42.3) Other finance income/(costs) Taxation Analysis of tax charge in the year Current tax: UK corporation tax on surplus for the year in Scottish Water Business Stream Limited Deferred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences Tax on surplus on ordinary activities The total current tax charge The total current tax charge for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2006; 30%) Tax on surplus on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005; 30%) Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Decrease in general provisions not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowance in excess of depreciation 2007 2006 Em 1.3 2007 2006 Em 2007 200	Net interest payable	(143.3)	(142.8)
Expected return on pension scheme assets Expected return on pension scheme assets At 94 at 1.3 (46.6) (42.3) Other finance income/(costs) Taxation Analysis of tax charge in the year Current tax: UK corporation tax on surplus for the year in Scottish Water Business Stream Limited Deferred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences Tax on surplus on ordinary activities The total current tax charge The total current tax charge for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2006; 30%) Tax on surplus on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005; 30%) Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Decrease in general provisions not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowance in excess of depreciation 2007 2006 Em 1.3 2007 2006 Em 2007 200			
Expected return on pension scheme assets Interest on pension scheme liabilities Other finance income/(costs) Taxation Analysis of tax charge in the year Current tax: UK corporation tax on surplus for the year in Scottish Water Business Stream Limited Deterred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences Tax on surplus on ordinary activities The total current tax charge The total current tax charge for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2006. 30%) Tax on surplus on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005: 30%) Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Other timing differences (5.1) (3.0) Other timing differences (37.7) (28.9)	8 Other finance income/costs		
Other finance income/(costs) 2.8 (1.0) 9 Taxation Analysis of tax charge in the year Current tax: UK corporation tax on surplus for the year in Scottish Water Business Stream Limited Deferred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences Tax on surplus on ordinary activities The total current tax charge The total current tax charge The total current tax charge for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2006: 30%) Tax on surplus on ordinary activities before taxation Tax on surplus on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005: 30%) Tax on surplus on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005: 30%) Tax on surplus on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005: 30%) Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Other timing differences 0 4 0.8 Capital allowance in excess of depreciation (37.7) (26.9)			2006 £m
Other finance income/(costs) 2.8 (1.0) 9 Taxation Analysis of tax charge in the year Current tax: UK corporation tax on surplus for the year in Scottish Water Business Stream Limited Deferred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences Tax on surplus on ordinary activities The total current tax charge The total current tax charge The total current tax charge for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2006: 30%) Tax on surplus on ordinary activities before taxation Tax on surplus on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005: 30%) Tax on surplus on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005: 30%) Tax on surplus on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005: 30%) Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Other timing differences 0 4 0.8 Capital allowance in excess of depreciation (37.7) (26.9)			
Other finance income/(costs) 2.8 (1.0) 7 Taxation Analysis of tax charge in the year Current tax: UK corporation tax on surplus for the year in Scottish Water Business Stream Limited Deterred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences 68.8 61.3 Tax on surplus on ordinary activities 70.6 61.3 Factors affecting current tax charge The total current tax charge for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2006. 30%). The differences are explained below Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation 228.9 196.1 Tax on surplus on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005: 30%) Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Decrease in general provisions not deductible for tax purposes Other timing differences 0 4 0 8 Capital allowance in excess of depreciation (37.7) (26.9)			
9 Taxation Analysis of tax charge in the year Current tax: UK corporation tax on surplus for the year in Scottish Water Business Stream Limited 1.8 - Deterred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences 68.8 61.3 Tax on surplus on ordinary activities 70.6 61.3 Factors affecting current tax charge The total current tax charge for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2006; 30%). The differences are explained below Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation 228.9 196.1 Tax on surplus on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005; 30%) 68.7 58.8 Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 0.9 1.2 Decrease in general provisions not deductible for tax purposes (5.1) (3.0) Other timing differences 0.4 0.8 Capital allowance in excess of depreciation (37.7) (26.9)			
Analysis of tax charge in the year Current tax: UK corporation tax on surplus for the year in Scottish Water Business Stream Limited Deferred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences Tax on surplus on ordinary activities Factors affecting current tax charge The total current tax charge for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2006, 30%). The differences are explained below Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation 228.9 196.1 Tax on surplus on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005; 30%) Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Decrease in general provisions not deductible for tax purposes Other timing differences 0 4 0.8 Capital allowance in excess of depreciation 2007 2006 Em £m £m 1.8 - 70.6 61.3 70.6 61.3 68.7 58.8 Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 0.9 1.2 0.9 0.4 0.8 Capital allowance in excess of depreciation	Other finance income/(costs)	2.8	(1.0)
Analysis of tax charge in the year Current tax: UK corporation tax on surplus for the year in Scottish Water Business Stream Limited Deferred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences Tax on surplus on ordinary activities Factors affecting current tax charge The total current tax charge for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2006, 30%). The differences are explained below Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation 228.9 196.1 Tax on surplus on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005; 30%) Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Decrease in general provisions not deductible for tax purposes Other timing differences 0 4 0.8 Capital allowance in excess of depreciation 2007 2006 Em £m £m 1.8 - 70.6 61.3 70.6 61.3 68.7 58.8 Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 0.9 1.2 0.9 0.4 0.8 Capital allowance in excess of depreciation	0. Toyotion		
Current tax: UK corporation tax on surplus for the year in Scottish Water Business Stream Limited Deterred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences Tax on surplus on ordinary activities 70.6 61.3 Factors affecting current tax charge The total current tax charge for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2006: 30%). The differences are explained below Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation 228.9 196.1 Tax on surplus on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005: 30%) Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Decrease in general provisions not deductible for tax purposes Other timing differences O 4 0.8 Capital allowance in excess of depreciation (37.7) (26.9)	5 Taxanon	2007	2006
Deterred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences 68.8 61.3 Tax on surplus on ordinary activities 70.6 61.3 Factors affecting current tax charge The total current tax charge for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2006: 30%). The differences are explained below Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation 228.9 196.1 Tax on surplus on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2006: 30%) 68.7 58.8 Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 0.9 1.2 Decrease in general provisions not deductible for tax purposes (5.1) (3.0) Other timing differences 0.4 0.8 Capital allowance in excess of depreciation (37.7) (26.9)	Analysis of tax charge in the year	£m	£m
Deterred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences 68.8 61.3 Tax on surplus on ordinary activities 70.6 61.3 Factors affecting current tax charge The total current tax charge for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2006: 30%). The differences are explained below Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation 228.9 196.1 Tax on surplus on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2006: 30%) 68.7 58.8 Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 0.9 1.2 Decrease in general provisions not deductible for tax purposes (5.1) (3.0) Other timing differences 0.4 0.8 Capital allowance in excess of depreciation (37.7) (26.9)	Current tax: UK corporation tax on surplus for the year in Scottish Water Business Stream Limited	1.8	-
Factors affecting current tax charge The total current tax charge for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2006; 30%). The differences are explained below Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation 228.9 196.1 Tax on surplus on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005; 30%) Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Decrease in general provisions not deductible for tax purposes (5.1) (3.0) Other timing differences 0 4 0.8 Capital allowance in excess of depreciation (37.7) (26.9)		68.8	61.3
The total current tax charge for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2006: 30%). The differences are explained below Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation Tax on surplus on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005: 30%) Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Decrease in general provisions not deductible for tax purposes (5.1) Other timing differences 0 4 0.8 Capital allowance in excess of depreciation (37.7) (26.9)	Tax on surplus on ordinary activities	70.6	61.3
Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation 228.9 196.1 Tax on surplus on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005: 30%) 68.7 58.8 Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 0.9 1.2 Decrease in general provisions not deductible for tax purposes (5.1) (3.0) Other timing differences 0.4 0.8 Capital allowance in excess of depreciation (37.7) (26.9)	Factors affecting current tax charge		
Tax on surplus on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005: 30%) Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Decrease in general provisions not deductible for tax purposes Other timing differences Capital allowance in excess of depreciation 68.7 58.8 (5.1) (3.0) (3.0) (3.0) (3.0) (3.0) (26.9)	The total current tax charge for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2006; 30%)	The differences are exp	lained below
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 0.9 1.2 Decrease in general provisions not deductible for tax purposes (5.1) (3.0) Other timing differences 0.4 0.8 Capital allowance in excess of depreciation (37.7) (26.9)	Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation	228.9	196.1
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 0.9 1.2 Decrease in general provisions not deductible for tax purposes (5.1) (3.0) Other timing differences 0.4 0.8 Capital allowance in excess of depreciation (37.7) (26.9)	Tax on surplus on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005: 30%)	68.7	58.8
Other timing differences 0.4 0.8 Capital allowance in excess of depreciation (37.7) (26.9)	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes		1.2
Capital allowance in excess of depreciation (37.7) (26.9)		, ,	(3.0)
	· ·		
	Capital allowance in excess of depreciation Tax losses	(37.7) (25.4)	(26.9)

1.8

For the year ended 31 March 2007

10 Tangible fixed assets

Group	Specialised operational properties & structures £m	Non-specialised operational properties £m	Infrastructure assets £m	Plant, machinery & vehicles £m	Assets under construction £m	Total £m
Cost						
At 1 April 2005	1,738.7	54.1	1,435.2	636.2	1,123.5	4,987.7
Additions	-	-	-		414.5	414.5
Disposals	(1.7)	•	-	(2.3)	-	(4.0)
Transfers	98.6	6.1	429.3	211.3	(745.3)	
At 31 March 2007	1,835.6	60.2	1.864.5	845.2	792.7	5,398.2
Depreciation						
At 1 April 2006	499.5	21 7	873.8	337.3	-	1,732.3
Charge for the year	50.8	1.2	88.0	85.4	-	225.4
Disposals	(1.0)	<u> </u>		(2.3)	-	(3.3)
At 31 March 2007	549,3	22.9	961.8	420.4	-	1,954.4
Net book value						
At 31 March 2007	1,286.3	37.3	902.7	424.8	792.7	3,443.8
At 31 March 2006	1,239.2	32.4	561.4	298.9	1,123.5	3,255.4

All capital investment is recognised initially within assets under construction. When assets are capable of performing the function for which they were constructed and come into beneficial use, they are reclassified and transferred from assets under construction to the appropriate fixed asset category.

£2.4m of capital grants were received during the year and credited to deferred income (2006; £1.4m). These amounts will be released to the income and expenditure account over the expected useful lives of the relevant fixed assets. No capital grants were received during the year in respect of infrastructure assets.

Specialised

Specialised					
	Non-specialised				
properties &	operational	Infrastructure 1		Assets under	
structures	properties	assets	& vehicles	construction	Total
£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
1,738.7	54.1	1,435.2	636.2	1,123.5	4,987.7
-	-	-		414.5	414.5
-	-	-	(6.4)	-	(6.4)
(1.7)		-	(2.3)	•	(4.0)
98.6	6.1	429.3	211.3	(745.3)	-
1,835.6	60.2	1,864.5	838.8	792.7	5,391.8
499.5	21 7	873.8	337.3	-	1,732.3
50.8	1.2	88.0	85.1	-	225.1
•	-	-	(4.8)	* •	(4.8)
(1.0)	<u>.</u>		(2.3)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(3.3)
549.3	22.9	961.8	415.3		1,949.3
1,286.3	37.3	902.7	423.5	792.7	3,442.5
1,239.2	32.4	561.4	298.9	1,123.5	3,255.4
	operational properties & structures £m 1,738.7 - (1.7) 98.6 - 1,835.6 - (1.0) 549.3	operational properties & structures £m £m 1,738.7 54.1 (1.7) 98.6 6.1 1,835.6 60.2 499.5 21 7 50.8 1.2 - (1.0) - 549.3 22.9	operational properties & structures Non-specialised operational properties Infrastructure assets £m £m £m 1,738.7 54.1 1,435.2 - - - (1.7) - - 98.6 6.1 429.3 1.835.6 60.2 1,864.5 499.5 21.7 873.8 50.8 1.2 88.0 - - - (1.0) - - 549.3 22.9 961.8 1,286.3 37.3 902.7	operational properties & structures Non-specialised operational properties Infrastructure assets Plant, machinery assets £m £m £m £m 1,738.7 54.1 1,435.2 636.2 - - - (6.4) (1.7) - - (2.3) 98.6 6.1 429.3 211.3 1,835.6 60.2 1,864.5 838.8 499.5 21.7 873.8 337.3 50.8 1.2 88.0 85.1 - - (4.8) (1.0) - (2.3) 549.3 22.9 961.8 415.3 1,286.3 37.3 902.7 423.5	operational properties & structures Non-specialised operational properties Infrastructure assets Plant, machinery assets Assets under construction construction £m £m £m £m £m 1,738.7 54.1 1,435.2 636.2 1,123.5 - - - 414.5 - - - (6.4) - (1.7) - - (2.3) - 98.6 6.1 429.3 211.3 (745.3) 1,835.6 60.2 1,864.5 838.8 792.7 499.5 21.7 873.8 337.3 - - - (4.8) - - - (4.8) - - - (4.8) - - - (2.3) - 50.8 1.2 88.0 85.1 - - - (4.8) - - - (2.3) - 549.3 22.9 <td< td=""></td<>

For the year ended 31 March 2007

11 Investments

Group

Investment in Joint Arrangement Non Entity (JANE)

On 26 June 2002 Scottish Water formed a company, Scottish Water Solutions Limited. This company, which commenced trading on 30 June 2003 and is jointly owned with Stirling Water Limited and UUGL Limited, delivers a majority of Scottish Water's capital investment programme. The nature of the contractual agreement between Scottish Water and the other shareholders in Scottish Water Solutions Limited is such that the parties are engaged in joint activities that do not constitute an entity carrying on a trade or business in its own right. Consequently Scottish Water Solutions Limited has been accounted for, under FRS 9 'Associates and Joint Ventures', as a JANE.

Details of the investments are as follows:

	Country of incorporation	Holding %	Value £	Principal activity
Scottish Water Solutions Limited	Scotland	51.0	510	Contracting services

Company Investment in subsidiary

During the year Scottish Water set up a 100% owned subsidiary company, Scottish Water Business Stream Limited, which commenced trading on 1 November 2006. Amounts outstanding from all of Scottish Water's non household customers were transferred to Scottish Water Business Stream Limited on that date.

	Country of incorporation	Holding %	Value £	Principal activity
Scottish Water Business Stream Limited	Scotland	100.0		icensed water of waste water services

Scottish Water owns shares in a further eleven companies, which did not trade during the year ended 31 March 2007. The companies' financial statements have not been consolidated as permitted by Section 229 of the Companies Act 1985, as they did not trade during the year and the issued share capital is immaterial.

12 Stocks Group and Company	2007 £m	2006 £m
Raw materials and consumables Work in progress - recoverable work	2.9 0.6	3.0 1.0
	3.5	4.0

For the year ended 31 March 2007

13 Debtors				
	Group		Company	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Amounts falling due within one year:				
Trade debtors	49.8	49.1	26.3	49.1
Other debtors	21.6	14.5	22.0	14.5
Prepayments and accrued income	51.5	43.6	12.7	43.6
Amounts due from Scottish Water Business Stream Limited	•	-	0.7	-
Loans to Scottish Water Business Stream Limited	-		64.5	
	122.9	107.2	126.2	107.2
Amounts falling due after more than one year:				
PFI assets transferred to service contractors	33.9	35.5	33.9	35.5
,	156.8	142.7	160.1	142.7
14 Creditors	Group		Company	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
	2007 £m	200 0 £m	£m	2000 £m
	ZIII	EIII	Liii	2111
Amounts falling due within one year:	6.6	6.7	6.6	6.2
Non-government loans	6.6	6.2		70.0
Trade and capital creditors	72.3	70.0	72.3	
Payments received in advance	15.2	2.5	15.1	2.5
Other taxes and social security	4.4	2.5	2.5	2.5
Other creditors	14.9	12.7	8.8	12.7
Accruals and deferred income	158.8	141.5	133.7	141.5
Amounts due to Scottish Water Business Stream Limited	•		28.3	-
Amounts due to Scottish Water Solutions Limited	19.7	68.7	19.7	68.7
	291.9	304.1	287.0	304.1
Amounts falling due after more than one year:				
Non-government loans	18.1	24.7	18.1	24.7
Other creditors and deferred income	40.0	37.8	39.9	37.8
		•		
	58.1	62.5	58.0	62.5
15 Deferred taxation	Group		Company	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Deferred taxation comprises				
Accelerated capital allowances on fixed assets	271.8	234.1	271.8	234.1
Other timing differences	(22.0)	(96.6)	(22.0)	(96.6)
Tax losses carried forward	(44.0)	(0.5)	(44.0)	(0.5)
1 ax 1033c3 carried formation				
Provision for deferred taxation	205.8	137.0	205.8	137.0
The movement in deferred taxation can be analysed as follows:		7 7	497.0	7 5.7
At 1 April	137.0	75. 7	137.0	
Deferred tax charged to the income and expenditure account	68.8	61.3	68.8	61.3
	205.8	137.0	205.8	137.0
At 31 March	203.0	107.0		

For the year ended 31 March 2007

16 Provisions for liabilities and charges

Group and Company	Restructure provision £m	Other £m	Net total £m
At 1 April 2006	0.6	1.7	2.3
Charged to income and expenditure account Utilised during the year	3.3 (0.2)	1.5 (0.6)	4.8 (0.8)
At 31 March 2007	3.7	2.6	6.3

The restructuring provision relates to redundancy costs associated with employees who will leave Scottish Water under voluntary redundancy and early retirement. Pension related liabilities associated with employees who have left Scottish Water under the voluntary severance scheme are recognised in the pension liability (note 21).

The other provision of £2.6m relates to onerous property rental costs which will be utilised over the next four years.

17 Government and other loans

Group and Company

Scotlish Water's borrowing powers are defined in Section 42 of the Water Industry (Scotland) Act 2002. The limit at 31 March 2007 on these powers was that total net new borrowings for the year ended 31 March 2007 should not exceed £182.8m. There were no net new borrowings in the year.

At 31 March 2007 Scottish Water had outstanding debt on borrowings from Scottish Ministers of £2,412.2m (2006: £2,406.0m). This consisted of £1,088.2m (2006: £1,136.6m) of debt issued prior to 1 April 1999 and £1,324.0m (2006: £1,269.4m) issued on or after that date. In addition. Scottish Water had a committed bank overdraft facility of £20.0m which is guaranteed by Scottish Ministers.

Government loans, both short and long-term, are recorded on the balance sheet under Capital and Reserves in accordance with the Accounts Direction. Other debt is recorded under short and long-term creditors in accordance with the Companies Act.

(a) Analysis of borrowin	s by type and maturity
--------------------------	------------------------

	Up to 1 year £m	1-2 years £m	3-5 years £m	6-10 years £m	Over 10 years £m	Total £m
Scottish Consolidated Fund	20.0	42.5	100.3	140.5	1,020.7	1,324.0
National Loans Fund	20.0	7.0	44.0	84.0	651.9	806.9
Public Works Loan Board	21.4	23.6	64.2	109.3	62.8	281.3
Total Government Loans	61.4	73.1	208.5	333.8	1,735.4	2,412.2
Other loans	6.6	8.0	5.9	3.2	1.0	24.7
At 31 March 2007	68.0	81.1	214.4	337.0	1.736,4	2,436.9
At 31 March 2006	69.6	68.0	215.4	363.1	1,720.8	2,436.9
At 31 March 2006	69.6	68.0	215.4	363.1	1,720.8	

The interest rate profile of all borrowings, which were obtained with fixed interest rates, was as follows:

,	Weighted average Total borrowings interest rate £m %		Weighted average period for which rate is fixed Years	
At 31 March 2007	2,436.9	5.92	16.40	
At 31 March 2006	2,436.9	6.00	16.00	

(c) Fair values The table below sets out a comparison of the book and fair values of the loan debt.	Book value £m	Fair value £m
At 31 March 2007	2,436.9	2,614.0
At 31 March 2006	2,436.9	2,722.6

For the year ended 31 March 2007

18 Reserves

10 1/6361463			
	Income & expenditure		Income & expenditure
	account reserve		account reserve
Group	excluding pension reserve	Pension reserve	including pension reserve
	£m	£m	£m
At 1 April 2006	285.9	(93.4)	192.5
Retained surplus for the year	158.3	` -	158.3
Actuarial profit net of deferred taxation (note 21)	<u> </u>	53.5	53.5
At 31 March 2007	444.2	(39.9)	404.3
	Income & expenditure		Income & expenditure
	account reserve		account reserve
Company	excluding pension reserve	Pension reserve	including pension reserve
	£m	£m	£m
At 1 April 2006	285.9	(93.4)	192.5
Retained surplus for the year	154.1	ţ==, -	154.1
Actuarial profit net of deferred taxation (note 21)		53.5	53.5
At 31 March 2007	440.0	(39.9)	400.1

19 Results of the holding company

Of the results for the financial year, a retained surplus of £154.1m (2006: £134.8m) is dealt with in the consolidated accounts of Scottish Water. The members have taken advantage of the exemption available under section 230 of the Companies Act 1985 and do not present an income and expenditure account for Scottish Water alone.

20 Obligations under leases

Scottish Water had no amounts due under finance leases.

At 31 March 2007 the Group and the Company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating lease as set out below:

_	Land and buildings £m	Other £m	PFI schemes £m	Total 2007 £m	Total 2006 £m
Within one year	0.1	0.7	•	0.8	0.4
Between two and five years	0.1	0.5	-	0.6	1.6
After five years	2.5	· · · · ·	125.9	128.4	125.6
	2.7	1.2	125.9	129.8	127.6

PFI schemes

As at 31 March 2007 there were nine PFI contracts in operation with contract start dates ranging from December 1996 to October 2000 and contract end dates ranging from December 2021 to October 2040.

For the year ended 31 March 2007

21 Pensions

Employees of Scotlish Water participate in the Aberdeen City Council Pension Fund, the Lothian Pension Fund and the Strathclyde Pension Fund, which are part of the Local Government Pension Scheme administered by Aberdeen, Edinburgh and Glasgow City Councils respectively. The schemes provide defined benefits based on final pensionable pay. Actual pension costs for the year for each fund as a % of employee contributions, were 275% (2006: 265%), 335% (2006: 315%) and 265% (2006: 250%) respectively.

Total FRS 17 pension costs for Scottish Water were £19.7m (2006: £15.9m) (note 5). The unpaid contributions outstanding at the year end included in other creditors (note 14) was £1.6m (2006: £1.5m). In addition Scottish Water made additional contributions of £3.9m to Lothian Pension Fund as an advance payment to reduce the deficit.

A full actuarial valuation was carried out at 31 March 2005 for all three funds and updated at 31 March 2007 by a qualified independent actuary, to take account of the requirements of FRS 17.

The major assumptions used by the actuarie	s were:					
				2007	2006	2005
N				%	%	%
Rate of increase in pensionable salaries				4.7	4.6	4.4
Rate of increase in pensions payment				3.2	3.1	2.9
Discount rate				5.4	4.9	5.4
Inflation rate				3.2	3.1	2.9
Longevity assumptions on retiring at age 65 add	opted for each fund					
				Aberdeen	Lothian	Strathclyde
				Years	Years	Years
Retiring at 31 March 2007						
Male staff				18.31	20.32	19.35
Male operatives				18.31	17.70	16.82
Female staff				21.24	23.27	22.31
Female operatives				21.24	21.49	20.58
Retiring at 31 March 2027						
Male staff				19.09	21.41	19.09
Male operatives				19.09	18.72	19.09
Female staff				22.02	24.34	22.02
Female operatives				22.02	22.52	22.02
Scottish Water's share of the assets in the s	chemes and the expected	rate of return w	vere:			
	Long term	Value	Long term	Value	Long term	Value
	rate of return	2007	rate of return	2006	rate of return	2005
	%	£m	%	£m	%	£m
Equities	7.8	583.9	7.4	557.4	7.7	436.3
Bonds	4.9	80.0	4.6	74.7	4.8	57.8
Property	5.8	81.9	5 5	66.6	5.7	45.8
Other	4.9	32.1	4.6	21.3	4.8	19.0
Total market value of assets		777 9		720.0		558.9
Present value of scheme liabilities		(927.7)		(955.7)		(761.8)
Gross pension liability		(149.8)		(235.7)		(202.9)
Related deferred tax asset		44.9		70.7	-	60.9
Net pension liability		(104.9)	,	(165.0)		(142.0)

For the year ended 31 March 2007

21 Pensions (continued)

21 Felisions (continued)					
Movement in the deficit during the year:					
			2007	2006	2005
			£m	£m	£m
Gross deficit in scheme at 1 April			(235.7)	(202.9)	(207.2)
Current service cost			(19.7)	(15.9)	(18.9)
Employer contributions paid			27.4	28.7	24.9
Impact of settlements and curtailments			(0.4)	(15.9)	(9.2)
Actuarial gain/(loss)			75.8	(28.7)	10.9
Other finance income/(costs) (note 8)		_	2.8	(1.0)	(3.4)
Gross deficit in the schemes at 31 March			(149.8)	(235.7)	(202.9)
Actuarial gain/loss in the statement of total recognised gains and losses (STRGL)					
				2007	2006
				£m	£m
Variance between pension fund actuarial assumptions and actual experience				75.8	(28.7)
Impact of settlements and curtailments				(0.4)	(15.9)
Additional contributions to Lothian Pension Fund				3.9	
Gross actuarial gain/(loss) recognised in the pension fund				79.3	(44.6)
Deferred tax movement			<u></u>	(25.8)	9.8
Net actuarial gain/(loss) recognised in the STRGL				53.5	(34.8)
History of experience gains and losses					
The state of the s	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Difference between the expected and actual return on scheme assets:					
Amount	1.7	89.4	16.0	70.8	(135.7)
Value of assets	777.9	720.0	558.9	494.2	372.0
Percentage of scheme assets	0.2%	12.4%	2.9%	14.3%	(36.5)%
Experienced gains/(losses) on scheme liabilities:					
Amount	(5.3)	(4.0)	10.5	(17.5)	(60.3)
Present value of liabilities	927.7	955.7	761.8	701.4	602.4
Percentage of the present value of scheme liabilities	(0.6)%	(0.4)%	1.4%	(2.4)%	(10.0)%
Changes in assumptions underlying the present value of scheme liabilities:					
Amount	79.4	(114.1)	(15.6)	(33.8)	(22.2)
Percentage of the present value of scheme liabilities	8.6%	(11.9)%	(2.0)%	(4.8)%	(3.7)%

22 Capital commitments

The Group has contracted capital commitments of £651.8m (2006: £175.4m) at the balance sheet date.

Total variance between pension fund actuarial assumptions and actual experience

23 Contingent liabilities

Subsequent to the end of the financial year a material legal claim was received from Caledonian Environmental Services Ltd., the Concessionaire in respect of Levenmouth PFI Project, relating to alleged losses arising under the PFI contract between Scottish Water and that company. The validity of the claim is currently being investigated by external solicitors.

75.8

(28.7)

10.9

19.5

(218.2)

For the year ended 31 March 2007

24 Related party transactions

Scottish Water is a public corporation of a trading nature sponsored by The Scottish Executive (the 'Executive'). In terms of FRS 8 'Related Party Transactions', the Executive is regarded as a related party. During the year Scottish Water has had various material transactions with the Executive and with entities for which the Executive is regarded as the parent.

In the course of normal operations, Scottish Water contracted on an arms-length basis with Scottish Water Solutions Limited a Joint Arrangement between Scottish Water, Stirling Water Limited and UUGL Limited. The aggregate transactions which are considered to be material and which have not been disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements are summarised below:

	2007	2006
	£m	£m
Sales and costs charged to Scottish Water Solutions Limited	26.4	48.8
Purchases from Scottish Water Solutions Limited	(182.2)	(465.6)
Amounts due to Scottish Water Solutions Limited (note 14)	19.7	68.7

25 Ultimate controlling body

Scottish Water is a public sector body, classified as a public corporation of a trading nature, and is answerable to the Scottish Parliament through Scottish Ministers.

26 Current cost accounts

Scottish Water is obliged under the Directions from Scottish Ministers under section 45(2) of the Water Industry (Scotland) Act 2002 to prepare accounts on a current cost basis. These are available on request from Scottish Water, Castle House, 6 Castle Drive, Carnegie Campus, Dunfermline, KY11 8GG.

27 Regulatory information

The Water Industry Commission (the 'Commission') has the general function of promoting interests for customers in relation to the provision of core services. The Commission also advises Scottish Ministers on any matter that relates to the standard of service provided to Scottish Water's customers or the manner in which it conducts its relationship with customers. The Commission determines Scottish Water's allowed revenues and hence price levels and approves Scottish Water's annual charges scheme.

The Commission monitors Scottish Water's performance on efficiency and customer service and approves our code of practice. Each year the Commission publishes reports on the exercise of its functions. In preparing these reports, the Commission assesses our performance by using information supplied by Scottish Water and by making comparisons with information obtained on other regulated water companies. In carrying out this performance monitoring, the Commission may make regulatory amendments to figures published in Scottish Water's audited financial statements to ensure like for like comparisons with other companies.

COMPLIANCE WITH GOVERNMENT TARGETS

a) Sufficiency of revenue

Scottish Water reported a surplus before tax of £228.9m for the year (2006: £196.1m). There were no exceptional costs charged during the financial year to 31 March 2007 (2006: £4.9m).

b) Borrowing Limit

Scottish Ministers set Scottish Water a maximum net new borrowing limit at £20.0m for 2006/07. Actual net new borrowings during the year to 31 March 2007 were nil.

DIRECTION BY THE SCOTTISH MINISTERS in accordance with section 45(2) of the Water Industry (Scotland) Act 2002

- The Report and Accounts, which it is the duty of Scottish Water to prepare, in respect of its financial year ending on 31 March 2007 and each subsequent financial year shall comprise:
- 1.1. a foreword:
- 1.2. an income and expenditure account;
- 1.3. a statement of total recognised gains and losses;
- 1.4. a balance sheet; and
- 1.5. a cashflow statement

together with such further information as may be necessary to comply with this Direction.

- The Report and Accounts referred to in paragraph 1 shall give a true and fair view of the income and expenditure and cash flows for the financial year and of the state of affairs at the end of the financial year.
- 3. The Report and Accounts shall also meet in as far as they are appropriate:
- 3.1. the accounting and disclosure requirements of the Companies Act 1985;
- 3.2. generally accepted accounting practice including financial reporting standards issued by the Accounting Standards Board;
- 3.3. the accounts disclosure requirements of paragraph 43 of Chapter 12 of the Listing Rules issued by the Financial Services Authority (formerly the London Stock Exchange);
- 3.4. the accounting and disclosure requirements given in 'The Scottish Public Finance Manual' as amended or augmented from time to time; and
- 3.5. the accounting and disclosure requirements contained in other guidance issued by the Scottish Ministers from time to time in respect of Accounts, which are required to give a true and fair view.

- 4. Clarification of the application of the accounting and disclosure requirements of the Companies Acts and financial reporting standards is given in Schedule 1 attached. Additional disclosure requirements are set out in Schedule 2 attached.
- 5. The Report and Accounts referred to in paragraph 1 shall be prepared under the historical cost convention.
- 6. The foreword and balance sheet shall be signed by the Chief Executive of Scottish Water and dated.
- 7. The Report and Accounts shall be audited and laid before the Parliament not later than 6 months after the end of the financial year.
- 8. These requirements shall be reproduced as an appendix to the Report and Accounts.

Schedule 1

Application of the accounting and disclosure requirements of the Companies Act 1985 and Accounting Standards

- 1. The income and expenditure account shall be prepared in accordance with profit and loss account format 1 set out in Schedule 4, Companies Act 1985.
- 2. The Report and Accounts need not include a 'Note of historical cost profits and losses' as required by Financial Reporting Standard 3.
- 3. The balance sheet shall be prepared in accordance with balance sheet format 1 set out in Schedule 4, Companies Act 1985.
- 4. The balance sheet shall include indebtedness to the Scottish Ministers under the heading 'capital and reserves'. The notes thereto shall show separately any amounts falling due for payment within 12 months of the date of the balance sheet.
- 5. Grants and contributions in respect of expenditure on fixed assets shall be treated as deferred income and recognised in the income and expenditure account over the expected useful lives of the related assets, except that grants and contributions specifically relating to infrastructure assets shall be deducted from the cost of those assets.
- 6. The Accounts' presentation and disclosure exemptions permitted by the Companies Act 1985 shall not apply unless specifically approved by the Scottish Ministers.

Schedule 2

Additional disclosure requirements

- 1. The notes to the income and expenditure account shall disclose:
 - a) an analysis of turnover and operating surplus before interest and tax over the following activities water, sewerage and other services;
 - b) in turnover, separately identified, the amount of revenue grants received from the Scottish Ministers and the source and authority for each grant, broken down between payments in respect of earlier years and the current year;
 - c) an analysis of the interest charge, showing separately the interest on capital loans.
- 2. The notes to the balance sheet shall disclose:
 - a) Scottish Water's maximum borrowing limit as specified by Scottish Ministers;
 - b) indebtedness to the Scottish Ministers, showing separately loans issued prior to 1 April 1999 and loans issued on and after that date, and other borrowings and showing when repayments are due;
 - c) an analysis of net assets over the activities set out in paragraph 1a) above; and
 - d) the amount, source and purpose of capital grants received and receivable.
- 3. The foreword to the Report and Accounts shall contain, insofar as it is appropriate:
 - a) a statement that the Accounts have been prepared in a form directed by Scottish Ministers in accordance with section 45(2) of the Water Industry (Scotland) Act 2002:
 - b) a brief history of Scottish Water and its statutory background;
 - c) a statement confirming compliance by Scottish Water with any Directions, requirements and guidance issued by the Scottish Ministers insofar as such matters relate to the functions of Scottish Water:
 - d) a statement of Scottish Waters Members' responsibilities in respect of the preparation of the Report and Accounts;
 - e) the information required the Companies Act 1985 to be included in the directors report; and
 - f) a discussion and analysis of Scottish Water's performance and the factors underlying its results and financial position, having regard to the guidance in the Statement 'Operating and Financial Review' published by the Accounting Standards Board.

- 4. The notes to the Report and Accounts shall include:
 - a) an analysis of operating costs and assets having regard to prevailing practice in the water industry:
 - b) details of Scottish Waters Members' and senior employees' remuneration in accordance with the guidance contained in the Resource Accounting Manual published by HM Treasury for the financial year, except that the amounts disclosed should be to the nearest £'000 and not in bands;
 - c) a comparison of Scottish Water's financial targets set for a financial year by the Scottish Ministers with the outturn for that year.
- 5. Notwithstanding the requirements relating to corporate governance contained in paragraph 12.43 of the Listing Rules issued by the Financial Services Authority referred to above, the Report and Accounts shall also include such additional disclosures relating to corporate governance as may be required by any Directions or guidance issued by the Scottish Ministers from time to time.